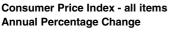


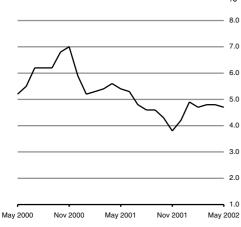
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An Phríomh-Oifig Staidrimh

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Consumer Price Index May 2002

_		CPI and I	HICP	
_	CPI		нісі	P
	% monthly change	% annual change	% monthly change	% annual change
Jan 2002 Feb 2002 Mar 2002 Apr 2002 May 2002	- 0.2 + 0.7 + 0.9 + 0.9 + 0.5	+ 4.9 + 4.7 + 4.8 + 4.8 + 4.7	- 0.2 + 0.6 + 0.9 + 0.7 + 0.6	+ 5.2 + 4.9 + 5.1 + 5.0 + 5.0

Annual Inflation shows slight fall in May

Consumer Prices in May, as measured by the CPI, increased by 0.5% in the month. This was slightly lower than the monthly increase for May of last year and, as a result, annual inflation fell marginally to 4.7% compared with 4.8% in April.

The EU Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) rose by 0.6% in the month, and was 5.0% higher than May 2001 (see Background Notes for differences between the CPI and the HICP). This is the same as the annual rate recorded in April.

The most significant monthly price changes were increases in Transport (+1.3%), Communications (+1.2%), Health (+1.1%), Food & Non Alcoholic Beverages (+0.6%) and Restaurants, Hotels & Licensed Premises (+0.5%). *See Table 3*.

The most notable changes in the year were increases in Miscellaneous Goods & Services (+10.8%), Health (+10.2%), Education (+9.7%), Restaurants, Hotels & Licensed Premises (+7.4%), Recreation & Culture (+7.2%) and Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco (+5.5%). Clothing & Footwear fell by 2.5%.

The main factors contributing to the monthly change were as follows:

- Transport costs rose as a result of increases in the cost of motor fuels, motor car parts & accessories, car maintenance and boat fares.
- Communications costs rose as a result of higher telephone rental charges while mobile phone charges fell slightly.
- Health charges increased in May with increases in the fees charged by dentists and doctors and increases in the cost of prescribed drugs.
- Food & non alcoholic beverages rose with increases in the prices of soft drinks & fruit juices, bread, sweets & chocolate, biscuits & cakes, potatoes, fresh fish and fresh fruit while the price of lamb, pork and fresh vegetables fell.
- Other items contributing to the monthly change included increases in the cost of alcoholic beverages, clothing & footwear, package holidays, average mortgage interest repayments, home heating oil, meals out, hairdressing and entertainment.

The CPI excluding to bacco index for May was 102.8, up 0.6% since April and up 4.7% in the year.

For more information contact Kevin McCormack at 021-4535603 or Paul J Crowley at 021-4535501.

		Consumer	Price Index	I	Percentage char	nges
Period	Ł	Current base Dec. 2001=100	Former base Nov. 1996=100 ¹	One month	Three months	12 months
				%	%	%
1997	Year		100.7			+ 1.5
1998	Year		103.1			+ 2.4
1999	Year		104.8			+ 1.6
2000	Year		110.7			+ 5.6
2001	Year		116.1			+ 4.9
1999	January February March April May June July August September October November December		102.8 103.4 103.7 104.2 104.7 105.0 104.6 105.2 105.6 105.7 105.9 107.1	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$
2000	January February March April May June July August September October November December		106.9 107.8 108.5 109.3 110.1 110.8 111.1 111.7 112.1 112.9 113.3 113.4	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$
2001	January February March April May June July August September October November December		112.5 113.5 114.4 115.4 116.1 116.7 116.4 116.8 117.3 117.7 117.6 118.2	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$
2002	January February March April May	99.8 100.5 101.4 102.3 102.8	118.0 118.8 119.9 120.9 121.5	- 0.2 + 0.7 + 0.9 + 0.9 + 0.5	+ 0.3 + 1.0 + 1.4 + 2.5 + 2.3	+ 4.9 + 4.7 + 4.8 + 4.8 + 4.7

Table 1 Consumer Price Index (All Items)

¹ Linked to current Consumer Price Index at mid-December 2001

Table 2 CPI Subindices, May 2002

	Dec. 2001	Consumer Pri	ce Index (CPI)	Perce	entage chan	ges
COICOP Group	base expenditure weights	Current base Dec. 2001	Former base Nov. 1996	One month	Three months	12 months
CPI excluding Tobacco	95.601	102.8	120.6	+ 0.6	+ 2.3	+ 4.7
CPI excluding Housing ¹	90.253	102.9	122.1	+ 0.6	+ 2.5	+ 5.3
CPI excluding Mortgage Interest	95.370	102.8	122.3	+ 0.5	+ 2.3	+ 5.3

¹ Housing includes rents, local authority charges, mortgage interest, materials for repairs & decoration and house insurance.

Table 3 Consumer Price Commodity Group Indices, May 2002

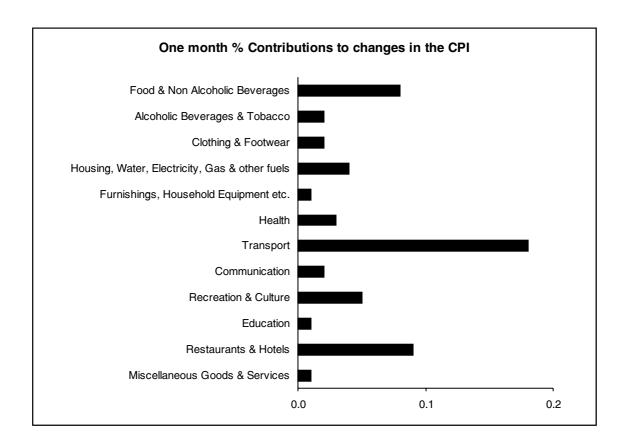
	Dec. 2001	Consumer Pri	ce Index (CPI)	Perce	entage chang	ges
COICOP Group	base expenditure weights	Current base Dec. 2001	Former base Nov. 1996	One month	Three months	12 months
01 Food and Non Alcoholic Beverages	14.092	101.5	124.0	+ 0.6	+ 1.2	+ 3.3
02 Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	7.498	103.8	133.5	+ 0.3	+ 3.1	+ 5.5
03 Clothing and Footwear	5.052	97.7	75.6	+ 0.4	+ 1.8	- 2.5
04 Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels	12.331	102.8	114.5	+ 0.4	+ 1.7	- 0.8
05 Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance	4.331	99.9	118.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.5	+ 2.3
06 Health	2.518	105.1	143.9	+ 1.1	+ 2.3	+ 10.2
07 Transport	13.183	103.9	114.8	+ 1.3	+ 3.6	+ 2.9
08 Communications	1.903	101.9	79.2	+ 1.2	+ 1.9	+ 3.7
09 Recreation and Culture	10.810	102.3	121.4	+ 0.4	+ 1.0	+ 7.2
10 Education	1.547	101.7	154.8	+ 0.4	+ 0.4	+ 9.7
11 Restaurants and Hotels	17.760	104.7	131.9	+ 0.5	+ 3.5	+ 7.4
12 Miscellaneous Goods & Services	8.975	103.7	145.3	_	+ 3.7	+ 10.8
ALL ITEMS	100.000	102.8	121.5	+ 0.5	+ 2.3	+ 4.7
Of which:						
Energy Products ¹	6.396	107.5	118.8	+ 3.0	+ 6.6	+ 4.7
Alcohol ²	11.898	105.3	128.4	+ 0.3	+ 4.1	+ 7.1
Tobacco	4.399	103.7	142.0	+ 0.1	+ 3.2	+ 5.8

¹ Electricity, gas, other domestic and transport fuels.
 ² Constitutes part of 02 (see page 12 - off-licence sales) and part of 11 (see page 12 - alcohol consumed in licenced premises) giving a combined index for alcohol.

See Background Notes page 12 for comparison by COICOP groups.

	Contributions to ov	erall CPI % change
COICOP Group	One month	12 months ¹
1 Food and Non Alcoholic Beverages	+ 0.08	+ 0.47
2 Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	+ 0.02	+ 0.42
3 Clothing and Footwear	+ 0.02	- 0.13
4 Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels	+ 0.04	- 0.10
5 Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance	+ 0.01	+ 0.09
6 Health	+ 0.03	+ 0.26
7 Transport	+ 0.18	+ 0.40
3 Communications	+ 0.02	+ 0.07
9 Recreation and Culture	+ 0.05	+ 0.78
0 Education	+ 0.01	+ 0.14
1 Restaurants and Hotels	+ 0.09	+ 1.34
2 Miscellaneous Goods & Services	+ 0.01	+ 0.96
LL ITEMS % change	+ 0.5	+ 4.7

¹ Estimated



		HICP	Percen	tage changes	
Period	Year 1996=100	One month	12 months		
			%	%	
1996	Year	100.0			
1997	Year	101.2		+ 1.2	
1998	Year	103.4		+ 2.2	
1999	Year	106.0		+ 2.5	
2000	Year	111.5		+ 5.2	
2001	Year	116.0		+ 4.0	
2000	January February March April May June July August September October November December	108.2 109.1 109.8 110.5 111.3 111.9 111.9 112.5 112.8 113.4 113.6 113.5	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	
2001	January February March April May June July August September October November December	112.4 113.4 114.3 115.2 115.9 116.7 116.4 116.7 117.1 117.7 117.5 118.5	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	
2002	January February March April May	118.3 119.0 120.1 121.0 121.7	- 0.2 + 0.6 + 0.9 + 0.7 + 0.6	$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	

Table 5 EU Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices

	HICP	Percentage Change		Percentage Contribution	
Commodity Group COICOP	Current base Year 1996	One month	12 months	One month	
		%	%	%	
01 Food and Non Alcoholic Beverages	123.5	+ 0.6	+ 3.3	+ 0.09	
02 Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	134.9	+ 0.3	+ 5.6	+ 0.03	
03 Clothing and Footwear	76.0	+ 0.4	- 2.6	+ 0.02	
04 Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels	121.9	- 0.1	+ 3.8	- 0.01	
05 Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance	117.2	+ 0.3	+ 1.7	+ 0.01	
06 Health	141.7	+ 1.1	+ 10.3	+ 0.03	
07 Transport	118.2	+ 1.5	+ 3.1	+ 0.21	
08 Communications	78.8	+ 1.2	+ 3.7	+ 0.03	
09 Recreation and Culture	122.7	+ 0.4	+ 7.2	+ 0.05	
10 Education	141.8	+ 0.4	+ 9.7	+ 0.01	
11 Restaurants and hotels	133.4	+ 0.5	+ 7.2	+ 0.11	
12 Miscellaneous Goods & Services	133.2	+ 0.3	+ 8.2	+ 0.02	
HICP	121.7	+ 0.6	+ 5.0	+ 0.6	

EU Harmonised Consumer Price COICOP Group Indices, May 2002 Ireland Table 6

¹ Estimated

Table 7 EU Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices – annual % changes, April 2002

Country	April 2001 April 2002	March 2001 March 2002	February 2001 February 2002	January 2001 January 2002	December 2000 December 2001	November 2000 November 2001
Austria	1.6 ¹	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.8	1.9
Belgium	1.7	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.0	1.8
Finland	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.9	2.3	2.1
France	2.1 ¹	2.2	2.2	2.4	1.4	1.3
Germany	1.6	1.9	1.8	2.3	1.5	1.5
Greece	4.1	4.4	3.8	4.8	3.5	2.9
Ireland	5.0	5.1	4.9	5.2	4.4	3.4
Italy	2.5 ¹	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.2	2.2
Luxembourg	1.9	1.7	2.2	2.1	0.9	1.4
Netherlands	4.2 ¹	4.3	4.5	4.9	5.1	4.8
Portugal	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.7	3.9	4.1
Spain	3.7	3.2 ³	3.2	3.1	2.5 ³	2.5 ³
EMU (MUICP) ²	2.4 ¹	2.5	2.5 ³	2.7	2.0	2.1
Denmark	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.1	1.7
Sweden	2.2	3.0	2.7	2.9	3.2	2.9
United Kingdom	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.0	0.8
EU-15 (EICP)	2.2 ⁴	2.3	2.3	2.5	1.9	1.8

Provisional
 MUICP (see Background Notes)
 Revised
 Estimated
 Not available

Source: Eurostat

COICOP/HICP Group	EUR (MUICP)	EU-15 (EICP)	В	DK	۵	E	ш	ш	IRL	-	_	NL	A	٩	FIN	S	NK
					Annual	Annual Percentage Rate of Change	ige Rate	of Char	agi								
01 Food and Non-Alcoholic		,															
Beverages	3.4 ¹	3.4 ¹	2.7	1.8	2.1	7.5	4.7	3.6 ¹	3.2	4.2 ¹	4.2	3.5 ¹	1.8 ¹	2.2	4.6	4.6	2.2
02 Alcoholic Beverages																	
and Tobacco	3.9 ¹	3.51	0.9	-0.5	3.4	11.3	7.9	4.8 ¹	5.4	0.3 ¹	4.2	4.8 ¹	3.0 ¹	6.5	1.8	0.9	1.0
03 Clothing and Footwear	2.4 ¹	1.8 ¹	1.3	1.6	1.3	3.8	5.6	1.2 ¹	-2.8	2.8 ¹	1.8	4.2 ¹	-0.1 ¹	3.4	0.5	1.6	-7.4
04 Housing, Water, Electricity	, ,	, ,		1	1			, (C L			, , ,	, r c		Ċ		Ċ
Gas and Other Fuels		1.4.	0.3	3.7	0.7	4.1	1.8	5.2	5.3	-0.2	0.4	4.6	0.5.	2.4	3.4	3.6	2.4
05 Furnishings, Household																	
Equipment and Routine																	
Household Maintenance	1.8 ¹	2.1 ¹	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.4 ¹	1.7	1.6 ¹	2.1	4.3 ¹	1.5 ¹	3.0	1.8	2.8	0.1
06 Health	2.6 ¹	2.8 ¹	1.6	1.9	0.4	4.9	3.2	0.3 ¹	10.8	5.0 ¹	-6.3	10.4 ¹	3.6 ¹	5.0	5.4	3.8	3.7
07 Transport	1.6 ¹	1.5 ¹	1.1	2.7	2.1	-1.2	2.2	0.7 ¹	3.3	2.0 ¹	9.0-	1.2 ¹	0.5 ¹	3.8	0.9	0.9	0.4
08 Communications	-0.8 ¹	-0.2 ¹	0.0	0.3	0.1	-4.1	-3.0	0.1 ¹	2.5	-1.7 ¹	-5.5	-1.7 ¹	-0.7 ¹	-0.1	2.2	0.7	2.3
09 Recreation and Culture	1.4 ¹	1.4 ¹	1.0	1.4	0.7	2.4	1.8	0.4 ¹	7.2	2.7 ¹	3.6	4.2 ¹	1.2 ¹	2.7	1.6	0.1	1.9
10 Education	4.0 ¹	4.1 ¹	3.5	3.8	2.6	3.6	3.7	2.6 ¹	9.4	2.8 ¹	8.0	3.8 ¹	30.0 ¹	6.1	2.6	-27.6	4.9
11 Hotels, Cafes and																	
Restaurants	4.4 ¹	4.5 ¹	3.9	2.1	3.2	5.6	5.8	3.9 ¹	7.4	4.2 ¹	4.1	7.4 ¹	2.2	5.2	2.1	4.8	3.5
12 Miscellaneous Goods &																	
Services	3.1 ¹	3.1 ¹	3.0	5.3	2.8	2.2	3.5	2.6 ¹	8.1	3.6 ¹	2.1	5.0 ¹	3.0 ¹	5.5	2.0	1.2	2.9

Table 8 Main Categories of Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices – annual % changes, April 2002

¹ Provisional ² Estimated

HICP

7

Source: Eurostat

1.3

2.2

2.6

3.5

1.6¹

4.2¹

1.9

2.51

5.0

2.1¹

3.7

4.1

1.6

2.3

1.7

2.2²

2.4¹

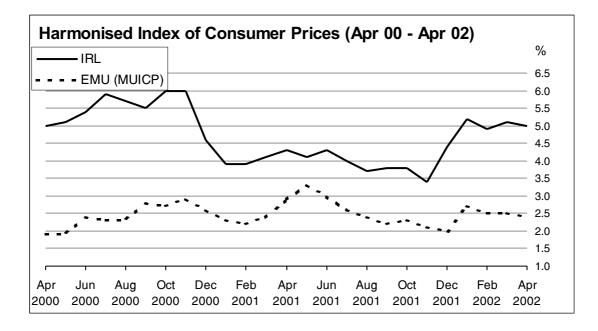


Table 9 Constant Tax Price Index

	Period	Constant Ta Index		Annual percentage CPI Change	
		Current Base Nov. 1996 = 100	Former base Nov. 1989 = 100	Total	Due to indirect tax
				%	%
2000	January	104.9	120.9	+4.0	+ 1.3
	February	105.7	121.8	+4.3	+ 1.2
	March	106.3	122.6	+4.6	+ 1.3
	April	107.0	123.3	+4.9	+ 1.3
	May	107.7	124.2	+5.2	+ 1.3
	June	108.4	125.0	+5.5	+ 1.4
	July	108.7	125.3	+6.2	+ 1.4
	August	109.2	126.0	+6.2	+ 1.3
	September	109.6	126.4	+6.2	+ 1.2
	October	110.3	127.2	+6.8	+ 1.3
	November	110.7	127.8	+7.0	+ 1.3
	December	111.0	128.1	+5.9	+ 0.3
2001	January	110.6	127.6	+5.2	- 0.1
	February	111.5	128.7	+5.3	- 0.1
	March	112.4	129.7	+5.4	- 0.1
	April	113.1	130.6	+5.6	- 0.1
	Мау	113.8	131.4	+5.4	- 0.1
	June	114.3	132.0	+5.3	- 0.1
	July	114.1	131.8	+4.8	- 0.1
	August	114.5	132.2	+4.6	- 0.1
	September	114.9	132.6	+4.6	- 0.1
	October	115.2	133.0	+4.3	- 0.1
	November	115.1	132.9	+3.8	- 0.1
	December	115.2	133.0	+4.2	+ 0.5

Background Notes – Consumer Price Index

- **Definition** The Consumer Price Index is designed to measure the change in the average level of prices (inclusive of all indirect taxes) paid for consumer goods and services by all private households in the country and by foreign tourists holidaying in Ireland.
- **Consumer Price** Index (CPI) Over 55,000 prices are collected for a representative basket consisting of 613 headings which cover over 1,000 different items in a fixed panel of retail and service outlets throughout the country on the second Tuesday of each month. The date to which the May index relates is Tuesday, 14th May 2002.
 - Scope of the (i) Population Coverage: All private households covering approximately 97% of the total population and the expenditure of foreign tourists within Ireland. It does not include the expenditure of persons in institutions and other non private households. Expenditure which occurs abroad by Irish residents is also excluded. In statistical terms coverage is referred to as the domestic concept.
 - (ii) Geographic Coverage: Covers the whole of the Republic of Ireland. Pricing takes place in 86 locations (cities and towns) throughout the country. These sampling points are located in Dublin city and county, the four regional cities of Cork, Limerick, Galway and Waterford, 90% of towns with a population of 10,000 and over, 88% of towns between 5,000 and 9,999 and a smaller proportion below this threshold. The results are weighted to represent the distribution of the population and its related consumer expenditure.
 - (iii) Item Coverage: All goods and services bought by the reference population for the purposes of consumption are included in the index. Expenditure on capital assets and investments, gambling and certain other activities are however excluded. Over 1,000 different varieties are priced and then aggregated into 613 item headings and 12 group headings based on the COICOP classification. With each rebase the coverage of goods and services is reviewed to ensure that it continues to be representative of consumer tastes and purchasing practices.
- **Price Collection** Personal visits are made to retail outlets by some 200 part-time pricers on a monthly basis. Approximately 51,000 price quotations are gathered in this way. In addition 112 special inquiries covering items such as utility charges and services are conducted by post and telephone. Most prices are collected monthly, some quarterly and others annually. The CSO supplies general specifications to price collectors and collectors are free initially to select a brand and in certain cases, size. This allows for a wide variety of different brands of the same item to be priced throughout the country. Once selected, the same item/brand is priced on a monthly basis in order to ensure matched price quotations. If an item disappears, substitution can occur but that price is excluded until matched prices are available for the same comparable item for two consecutive months. The CSO wishes to put on record its appreciation of the co-operation and assistance it receives from retail outlets and other business concerns.
 - **CPI Weights** The CPI measures in index form the monthly changes in the cost of purchasing a fixed representative 'basket' of consumer goods and services (i.e. Laspeyres formula). The representative share of each item in this basket is proportional to the average amount purchased by all households in the country as determined by the Household Budget Survey and by foreign tourists in this country using estimates of expenditure by tourists across a range of consumer goods and services. Individual items typically purchased by foreign tourists while holidaying in Ireland such as hotel accommodation and meals out have been adjusted to take account of the additional tourist expenditure. Identical items are priced in the same outlet on each occasion so that changes in the cost of this constant basket reflect only pure price changes.

Background Notes – Consumer Price Index (continued)

Rebase The index has been rebased with effect from the current month, the ninth series since the foundation of the State. The index was last rebased in January 1997 (Base Nov 96 = 100) when the monthly CPI series was first introduced.

The rebase of the current CPI resulted in a number of methological changes:

- The introduction of the Geometric Mean;
- Updating the expenditure weights;
- A revision of the sample of goods and services;
- An update of the sample of areas priced; and
- A move to the COICOP classification.
- **Constant Tax Price Index**This index excludes price movements due to changes since the base period in indirect taxation. Even where an existing tax rate (e.g. VAT) remains fixed, a change in the pre-tax price of an item involves a proportionate change in the tax excluded in the final retail price. The effect of such changes are excluded from the Constant-Tax Price Index which keeps the total indirect tax content of prices constant at their base period level.

This index can be used in conjunction with the CPI to determine how much of the overall price change in any period is due to indirect taxation (including ad-valorem effect) and how much is due to all other factors. For this purpose, absolute changes (i.e. index points) in both series, expressed to the same base must be compared.

- **Classification** The classification used in the CPI is based on a version of COICOP COICOP HICP, the Classification of Individual Consumption Expenditure by Purpose. This replaces the former national classification which was used up to December 2001. The COICOP classification breaks consumer expenditure into twelve different categories covering a comprehensive range of consumer goods and services.
- MethodologicalA full methodological description of the new series is available in the CPI 2001 Introduction to
DetailsDetailsSeries booklet.

Background Notes – Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices

- **Introduction** The EU-Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices is calculated in each Member State of the European Union. The purpose of this index is to allow the comparison of consumer price trends in the different Member States.
- **Comparison** with CPI The methodology now adopted for the construction of the national CPI is identical to that recommended for the HICP. Thus the two indexes only differ in respect of the coverage of certain goods and services and the definition of insurance. The current EU reference base period (Year 1996 = 100) is however retained for ease of comparison with other EU countries.
- **Excluded Items** The following items, constituting approximately 8% of the Irish CPI expenditure weighting, are excluded from the HICP:
 - ♦ mortgage interest
 - building materials
 - union subscriptions
 - motor car tax

- motor car insurance (non-service)
- dwelling insurance (non-service)
- motor cycle tax
- Weights The expenditure weighting system used in the HICP is the same as that used for the CPI excluding the items listed above. In addition the weights of House Insurance (Buildings) and Health Insurance differ because of definition. Taking all these factors into account the HICP expenditure covers just under 91% of total CPI expenditure.

Monetary Union
Index of
(MUICP)The MUICP is calculated as a weighted average of HICPs of the 12 countries participating in
Stage III of Economic and Monetary Union (EMU). Country weights are computed every year re-
flecting the country's share of private final domestic consumption expenditure in the EMU total.

Classification The coverage of the indices is based on the international classification system, COICOP (classification of individual consumption by purpose).

Background Notes - COICOP Classification

Prior to the introduction of the current series in January 2002 the CPI used a national classification while the HICP used COICOP/HICP. To ensure greater comparability CPI and the HICP now both use the COICOP/HICP classification (Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose - adapted for the purposes of the EU HICP).

The COICOP classification is based on 12 main subgroups.

- 01Food and Non
Alcoholic
BeveragesFood and non alcoholic beverages purchased in supermarkets, small shops, speciality shops and
petrol station forecourt outlets. It excludes meals out which are covered under 11 Restaurants
and Hotels.
- 02 Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco
- 03Clothing and
FootwearMens, ladies and childrens clothing and footwear, sports and leisurewear and services such as
laundry and dry cleaning, shoe repair, dress hire and alteration.
- 04 Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels This group covers rents, mortgage interest repayments, local authority service charges, goods and services for maintaining, decorating and repairing dwellings and domestic energy products such as electricity, gas and solid fuels.
- **Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Ho**
- **06 Health** Health includes medical products, appliances and equipment, hospital charges and out patient services supplied by doctors, dentists, opticians, practitioners of alternative and complimentary medicine and paramedical services.
- **07 Transport** Includes the purchase of new and second hand vehicles, spare parts, car maintenance, fuels and lubricants, public transport and services such as parking, motor association subscriptions, car wash, toll charges, driving tests, licences and car hire.
- **08 Communications** Post and telecommunications.
- **09 Recreation and Culture** All goods and services connected with recreation and culture and includes items such as audio visual and photographic equipment, computers, music and videos, sports and recreation goods, games and toys, items connected with gardening and pets, recreational, sporting and cultural activities and events, newspapers and other reading material, package holidays and other items connected with recreation and culture.
- **10 Education** Covers all aspects of education including primary, secondary, third level and other education and training such as night courses, play schools and examination fees.
- **11 Restaurants and** Hotels This category covers the following areas: meals in restaurants and hotels; fast food and take-aways; cafes; canteens; alcohol consumed on or within a licensed premises and accommodation services supplied by hotels, guesthouses and hostels.
- 12 Miscellaneous Goods and Services This remaining category covers a wide range of items including hairdressing and other grooming; goods for hygiene, hair and body care; personal goods such as jewellery, handbags and wallets; childcare and other social protection services; insurance, financial services and other services including funerals, weddings, legal and professional services.