Table of Contents

General Details

		Page
Conduct of Production	on of the Census of the Census on of Results on of Results	7 7 7 7 8
	Tables	
Table No.		
1A 1B 1C	Population aged 15 years and over in each age group, classified by highest level of education completed, 1996 and 2002 Persons Males Females	11 12 13
2	Persons, males and females aged 15 years and over in each Regional Authority Area, classified by highest level of education completed	14
3A 3B 3C	Population aged 15 years and over in each Province, County and City, classified by highest level of education completed Persons Males Females	15 16 17
4A 4B 4C	Population aged 15 years and over in each town with a population of 1,500 or more, classified by highest level of education completed Persons Males Females	18 22 26
5A 5B 5C	Population aged 15 years and over in the labour force, classified by intermediate occupational group and highest level of education completed Persons Males Females	30 31 32
6A 6B 6C	Population aged 15 years and over at work, classified by intermediate industrial group and highest level of education completed Persons Males Females	33 34 35
7	Persons aged 15 years and over, classified by socio-economic group and highest level of education completed, distinguishing those in the labour force and not in the labour force	36
8	Persons aged 15 years and over, classified by social class and highest level of education completed, distinguishing those in the labour force and not in the labour force	37
9A 9B 9C	Population aged 15 years and over, classified by present age and age at which full-time education ceased, 1996 and 2002 Persons Males Females	38 39 40
10	Persons, males and females aged 15 years and over in each Regional Authority Area, classified by age at which full-time education ceased	41

	Page
Population aged 15 years and over in each Province, County and City, classified by age at which full-time education ceased Persons Males Females	42 43 44
Population aged 15 years and over in each town with a population of 1,500 or more, classified by age at which full-time education ceased Persons Males Females	45 49 53
Population aged 15 years and over, classified by present age and age at which full-time education ceased Persons Males Females	57 58 59
Population aged 15 years and over in the labour force, classified by intermediate occupational group and age at which full-time education ceased Persons Males Females	60 61 62
Population aged 15 years and over at work, classified by intermediate industrial group and age at which full-time education ceased Persons Males Females	63 64 65
Persons aged 15 years and over, classified by socio-economic group and age at which full-time education ceased, distinguishing those in the labour force and not in the labour force	66
Persons aged 15 years and over, classified by social class and age at which full-time education ceased, distinguishing those in the labour force and not in the labour force	67
Persons, males and females aged 15 years and over with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study, classified by main subject area, distinguishing those with degree or higher and non-degree qualifications	68
Persons, males and females aged 15 years and over with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study, classified by main subject area, distinguishing those in the labour force and not in the labour force	69
Persons, males and females aged 15 years and over with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study, classified by main subject area and by age group	70
Persons, males and females aged 15 years and over in the labour force with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study, classified by main subject area and by employment status	71
Persons, males and females aged 15 years and over with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study in each Regional Authority Area, classified by main subject area	72
Population aged 15 years and over with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study in each Province, County and City, classified by main subject area Persons Males Females	73 74 75
	which full-time education ceased Persons Males Females Population aged 15 years and over in each town with a population of 1,500 or more, classified by age at which full-time education ceased Persons Males Females Population aged 15 years and over, classified by present age and age at which full-time education ceased Persons Males Females Population aged 15 years and over in the labour force, classified by intermediate occupational group and age at which full-time education ceased Persons Males Females Population aged 15 years and over at work, classified by intermediate industrial group and age at which full-time education ceased Persons Males Females Population aged 15 years and over at work, classified by intermediate industrial group and age at which full-time education ceased Persons Males Females Persons aged 15 years and over, classified by socio-economic group and age at which full-time education ceased, distinguishing those in the labour force and not in the labour force Persons, males and females aged 15 years and over with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study, classified by main subject area, distinguishing those with degree or higher and non-degree qualifications Persons, males and females aged 15 years and over with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study, classified by main subject area, distinguishing those in the labour force Persons, males and females aged 15 years and over with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study, classified by main subject area and by age group Persons, males and females aged 15 years and over with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study, classified by main subject area and by age group Persons, males and females aged 15 years and over with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study, classified by main subject area and by employment status

Table No.		Page
24A 24B	Population aged 15 years and over with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study in each town with a population of 1,500 or more, classified by main subject area Persons Males	76 80
24C	Females	84
25	Persons, males and females aged 15 years and over with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study, classified by sex, age group and number of main subject areas	88
	Population aged 15 years and over with third level qualification(s) in two main subject areas attained after completing two or more years of study, classified by sex and main subject areas	
26A 26B 26C	Persons Males Females	89 90 91
	Population aged 15 years and over in the labour force with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study, classified by intermediate occupational group and main subject area	
27A 27B 27C	Persons Males Females	92 93 94
	Population aged 15 years and over at work with a third level qualification attained after completing two or more years of study, classified by intermediate industrial group and main subject area	
28A 28B 28C	Persons Males Females	95 96 97
29	Persons aged 15 years and over classified by socio-economic group and highest level of education completed, distinguishing those in the labour force and not in the labour force (ILO economic status)	98
30	Persons aged 15 years and over, classified by social class and highest level of education completed, distinguishing those in the labour force and not in the labour force (ILO economic status)	99
31	Persons aged 15 years and over, classified by socio-economic group and age at which full-time education ceased, distinguishing those in the labour force and not in the labour force (ILO economic status)	100
32	Persons aged 15 years and over, classified by social class and age at which full-time education ceased, distinguishing those in the labour force and not in the labour force (ILO economic status)	101

Appendices

1	2002 Census questionnaire	104
2	Definitions	117
3	Detailed level of occupations used in the 2002 Census classifications	121
4	Intermediate level of occupational groups used in the 2002 Census classification	127
5	Socio-economic groups – list of constituent occupations	129
6	Social classes - list of constituent occupations	140
7	Detailed level of industries used in the 2002 Census classification	146
8	Intermediate level of industrial groups used in the 2002 Census classification	150
9	Census 2002 Publication Schedule	151

General Details

Introduction

A Census of Population was taken on the night of Sunday, 28 April 2002¹, in accordance with the Statistics (Census of Population) Order 2001 (S.I. No. 491 of 2001)². A copy of the census questionnaire, including the explanatory notes which accompanied it, is reproduced in Appendix 1.

This seventh volume of the detail report contains results relating to the population aged 15 years and over classified by age at which full time education ceased, highest level of education completed and third level qualifications held.

Subsequent census volumes will analyse the population by such characteristics as travel to work, disability, religion, etc.

Coverage of the Census

The census figures relate to the *de facto* population, i.e. the population recorded for each area represents the total of all persons present within its boundaries on the night of Sunday, 28 April 2002, together with all persons who arrived in that area on the morning of Monday, 29 April 2002, not having been enumerated elsewhere. Persons on board ships in port are included with the population of adjacent areas. The figures, therefore, include visitors present on census night as well as those in residence, while usual residents temporarily absent from the area are excluded from the census count.

A limited number of questions, relating mainly to demographic characteristics, were asked in respect of usual residents who were temporarily absent from their households on census night. The responses to these questions enables a more precise picture to be built up on families and households by excluding visitors present on census night and including residents who were temporarily absent.

Conduct of the Census

A temporary field force consisting of 5 Census Liaison Officers, 35 Regional Supervisors, 350 Field Supervisors and some 4,000 part-time enumerators carried out the census enumeration. Blank census questionnaires were distributed to every household and communal establishment in the State during the four weeks immediately preceding census night. Collection of completed questionnaires commenced on Monday, 29 April. The enumerators examined the questionnaires at the time of collection to ensure that they were correctly completed and, where necessary, they assisted householders in their completion.

Production of Results

Each enumerator first prepared and returned to the Central Statistics Office (CSO) a summary of the population in his/her enumeration area. These summaries formed the basis for the preliminary 2002 population results³. The completed questionnaires for the individual households were subsequently transmitted to the CSO for processing.

The population summaries, dwelling listings and enumeration maps for individual enumeration areas were checked for consistency and used to determine the boundaries of census towns and suburbs/environs of towns with legal boundaries. The capture and processing of the responses to questions on the census questionnaire proceeded concurrently.

¹ The census originally planned for 29 April 2001 was postponed because of the Foot and Mouth disease situation pertaining at the time. ² The Statistics (Census of Population) Order, 2001 was made by the Minister of State at the Department of the Taoiseach in pursuance of powers conferred on him by section 25 (1) of the Statistics Act, 1993 (No. 21 of 1993) and the Statistics (Delegation of Ministerial Functions) Order, 1997 (S.I. No. 327 of 1997).

Census of Population of Ireland, 2002: Preliminary Report (Pn. 11897), July 2002.

Publication of Results

The planned publication schedule is set out in Appendix 9. The schedule consists of the Principal Demographic Results and Principal Socio-economic Results, which provide the main census results, primarily at national level. More detailed data is provided in 13 subject matter reports. All of the tables published in these reports will be made available on the Central Statistics Office web site (www.cso.ie) using Beyond 20/20 interactive software. This software gives Internet users the ability to select and view data online and then download the same data to their computers.

Further information

For further information contact:

Census Inquiries Section
Central Statistics Office
Ardee Road
Rathmines
Dublin 6
Phone (01) 4977144 Ext. 4284-4288
LoCall 1890 313 414
Fax (01) 4984268

E-mail <u>census@cso.ie</u> Web <u>www.cso.ie</u>