COMMENTARY

CHANGES, 1961-1971

Table A below contains the basic Census information on Religion for 1971 and 1961 (the most recent Census year prior to 1971 for which information on religion was collected). Whereas total population increased over this period from 2,818,341 to 2,978,248,(a rise of 5.7 percent), the number of persons returned as Catholics increased by 122,193 from 2,673,473 to 2,795,666 (a rise of 4.6 percent) while the number of persons who were returned as belonging to other specific religions declined by 9,818 from 138,136 in 1961 to 128,318 in 1971 (a fall of 7.1 percent). The number of persons with "No religion" rose from 1,107 to 7,616 over this period. In interpreting these figures it must be borne in mind that the very large increase in the number of persons in respect of whom no information on religion was given in 1971 (46,648 as against only 5,625 in 1961) may have influenced the trends for individual religions to a significant extent. Indeed this qualification should be kept in mind in interpreting all Tables which involve comparisons between 1961 and 1971.

TABLE A:- PERSONS CLASSIFIED BY RELIGIOUS DENOMINATION IN 1961 AND 1971 AND PERCENTAGE INCREASE OR DECREASE.

TIVE RELIGIOUS									
	19	61	19	% change					
Religious Denomination	Total	Percentage*	Total	Percentage*	1961–1971				
Catholic	2,673,473	95.1	2,795,666	95.4	+ 4.6				
Church of Ireland	104,016	3.7	97,739	3.3	- 6.0				
Presbyterian	18,953	0.7	16,052	0.6	- 15.3				
Methodist	6,676	0.2	5,646	0.2	- 15.4				
Jewish	3,255	0.1	2,633	0.1	- 19.1				
Other stated religions	5,236	0.2	6,248	0.2	+ 19.3				
No religion	1,107	0.0	7,616	0.3	+ 588.0				
No information supplied	5,625	_	46,648	-	+ 729.3				
Total	2,818,341	100	2,978,248	100	+ 5.7				

^{*} Calculated excluding the "No information supplied" group.

The figures for 1961 and 1971, given in Table A, show also the percentage distribution in those years of persons who supplied information on religion. There was very little change between 1961 and 1971 in the proportion of persons in each religion when calculated excluding those for whom no information on religion was supplied. In both years, Catholics formed 95 percent of the total with the proportion in the Church of Ireland falling from 3.7 percent in 1961 to 3.3 percent in 1971. No other religion formed more than 1 percent of the total.

REGIONAL DIFFERENCES

Table B shows the distribution of the population by religious denomination in the different Planning Regions. The composition of the Planning Regions is shown in Appendix B.

TABLE B:- PERSONS IN EACH RELIGION AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE TOTAL POPULATION IN EACH PLANNING REGION.

Planning Region	Total	Religious Denomination							No
		Catholic	Church of Ireland	Presby- terian	Methodist	Jewish	Other Stated Religions	"No Religion"	informa-
East	100	91.6	4.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.5	2.3
South West	100	95.7	2.5	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.2	1.2
South East	100	96.0	2.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.1
North East	100	91.4	4.6	2.4	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.1	1.1
Mid-West	100	97.0	1.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.1
Donegal	100	86.1	6.3	5.6	0.6	0.0	0.2	0.1	1.1
Midlands	100	95.5	3.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.0
West	100	97.6	0.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.3
North West	100.–	94.0	4.3	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.1
Total	100	93.9	3.3	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	1.6

The highest proportions of Catholics, with 96.0 percent or more, were in the West, Mid-West and South-East regions. The lowest proportion, 86.1 percent, was in Donegal with the North-East and East, at 91.4 and 91.6 percent, respectively, being next lowest. These regions also contained the highest proportions of members of the Church of Ireland, the proportion being 6.3 percent in Donegal, 4.6 percent in the North-East and 4.3 percent in the East, the same percentage as in the North-West. There were two regions where Presbyterians formed more than 1 percent of the total, these being Donegal (5.6 percent) and the North-East (2.4 percent). No other religion, in any other region, formed more than 1 percent of the total. Information was not returned for 1.6 percent of the total population. This proportion was highest in the East region at 2.3 percent.

AGE GROUPS

The changes between 1961 and 1971 in the numbers in various age groups are described in Table C. Specified religions other than Catholic are grouped together in this table.

TABLE C:- PERSONS CLASSIFIED BY RELIGION IN EACH AGE GROUP AND PERCENTAGE CHANGE 1961-1971.

	CHARGE 1701-1771.									
Religious Denomination		Total	Age Group							
			Under 15	15-24	25–34	35–44	45-54	55–64	65 and over	
Total	1961 1971 % change	2,818,341 2,978,248 + 5.7	877,259 931,152 + 6.1	391,839 482,978 + 23.3	298,164 324,344 + 8.8	337,086 301,836 - 10.5	331,747 319,206 - 3.8	267,183 288,913 + 8.1	315,063 329,819 + 4.7	
Catholic	\ 1961 1971 % change	2,673,473 2,795,666 + 4.6	·	373,711 456,131 + 22.1	283,540 302,677 + 6.7	319,701 282,604 - 11.6	310,911 298,232 - 4.1	248,171 266,861 + 7.5	290,500 301,722 + 3.9	
Other stated religions	1961 1971 % change	138,136 128,318 - 7.1	,	17,055 17,536 + 2.8	13,731 14,499 + 5.6	16,561 13,459 - 18.7	20,033 15,701 - 21.6	18,320 17,483 - 4.6	23,755 22,490 - 5.3	
No religion	1961 1971 % change	1,107 7,616 + 588.0	l .	178 1,604 + 801.1	221 1,964 + 788.7	172 972 + 465.1	158 684 + 332.9	117 503 + 329.9	99 435 + 339.4	
No information supplied	1961 1971 % change	5,625 46,648 + 729.3	1,477 15,109 + 923.0	895 7,707 + 761.1	672 5,204 + 674.4	652 4,801 + 636.3	645 4,589 + 611.5	575 4,066 + 607.1	709 5,172 + 629.5	

The changes in the overall totals in each age group are reflected in the corresponding changes in numbers of Catholics, as would be expected in view of the fact that Catholics formed 93.9 percent of the total population. In the case of the combined other specified religions shown in this table, there were reductions in the numbers in each age group except the 15-24 and 25-34 year groups which showed increases of 2.8 percent and 5.6 percent, respectively. These, however, were in age groups where the total population rose by 23.3 percent and 8.8 percent respectively. Very substantial decreases, ranging from about 5 to 20 percent, were recorded for these religions in the age groups over 35 years.

These changes, however, reflect to a large extent the population structure of persons with these religions. For example, persons with other specified religions aged 35-44 years in 1971 numbered 13,459 as compared with 16,561 in 1961. However, the same group of persons in 1961, who were then aged 25-34 years, numbered 13,731. Thus the reduction of 18.7 percent in the 35-44 age group between 1961 and 1971 can be seen to be a result of the population structure as it existed in 1961.

The increase in the number of persons stating that they had no religion was substantial in all age groups with the largest increase in percentage terms being in the under 35 year age group where the numbers rose from 561 in 1961 to 5,022 ten years later, a nine fold increase approximately. The number of persons aged 35 years and over in this group increased from 546 to 2,594 over the same period. As indicated previously the number of persons supplying no information increased very substantially, this pattern applying in all age groups.

TABLE D:- PERSONS IN EACH AGE GROUP AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE TOTAL POPULATION OF EACH RELIGION, 1961 AND 1971.

			Age Group							
Religious Denomination		Total	Under 15	15-24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65 and over	
Total	1961	100	31.1	13.9.	10.6	12.0	11.8	9.5	11.2	
Cotai	1971	100	31.3	16.2	10.9	_ 10.1	10.7	9.7	11.1	
Catholic	1961	100	31.7	14.0	10.6	12.0	11.6	9.3	10.9	
	1971	100	31.7	16.3	10.8	10.1	10.7	9.5	10.8	
Other stated religions	1961	100.–	20.8	12.3	9.9	12.0	14.5	13.3	17.2	
	1971	100.–	21.2	13.7	11.3	10.5	12.2	13.6	17.5	
No religion	1961	100.–	14.6	16.1	20.0	15.5	14.3	10.6	8.9	
	1971	100	19.1	21.1	25.8	12.8	9.0	6.6	5.7	
No information supplied	1961	100	26.3	15.9	11.9	11.6	11.5	10.2	12.6	
	1971	100	32.4	16.5	11.2	10.3	9.8	8.7	11.1	

In the case of Catholics, persons aged under 25 years of age formed 48.0 percent of the total in 1971. This compares with 34.9 percent of those with other stated religions, 40.2 percent of those returned as "No religion" and 48.9 percent of those who did not supply any information on religion. When the age group 25-54 years is considered, 31.6 percent of Catholics were in this group as compared with 34.0 percent of those with other stated religions. Persons stating that they had "No religion" were most heavily concentrated in the 15-34 year age group, which contained 46.9 percent of this group, whereas only 27.1 percent of the total population fall into this age category.

Persons aged 55 years and over formed 20.3 percent of the Catholic population and 31.1 percent of the population with other stated religions but only 12.3 percent of those with "No religion" were in this age group. The age distribution of persons who did not give any information on religion is very close to that of the overall population.

When the age distributions in 1961 and 1971 are compared, the only significant changes in the case of Catholics occurred in the 15-24 and 35-54 year age group with the former age group containing 16.3 percent of the total in 1971 as compared with 14.0 percent in 1961 and the proportion in the latter group being 20.8 percent in 1971 as against 23.6 percent ten years previously.