DEFINITIONS

Census Family.—A "family" for Census purposes is defined as any person or group of persons living as a single household (using the term in its widest sense to cover institutions and hotels, etc., as well as private households) and included in a separate Census return as being in separate occupation of premises or part of premises.

Private Families comprise all such families, with the exception of those enumerated in institutions and in hotels, boarding-houses, business establishments, etc., in which the number of resident boarders or resident shop-assistants was three or more.

- **Dwelling.**—A dwelling has been defined, for Census purposes, as any room or set of rooms used for habitation by a private family.
- Rooms Occupied.—This heading relates to the usual living rooms, including bedrooms and kitchen, but does not include bathrooms, sculleries, etc.
- Housing Conditions.—The "Actual" number system of calculating housing conditions is that whereby each person counts as one unit in the calculation of housing conditions expressed in terms of persons per room. For the "Equivalent Adult" number system fractional values are attributed to children of young ages. Persons of 10 years and over are given the full value of one unit; children of one year and under 10 years are rated as half a unit, whilst children of under one year are excluded from the calculation of housing conditions.

Where the information shown has been calculated on the Equivalent Adult system a suitable indication is included in the heading of the table affected: unless a table is thus marked the particulars shown have been calculated on the Actual basis.

Town and Rural Areas.—Town Areas include all Cities and Towns of 1,500 or more inhabitants and the seven smaller Towns possessing Local Government: Rural Areas comprise such portions of a county as are not included in the Town Areas.