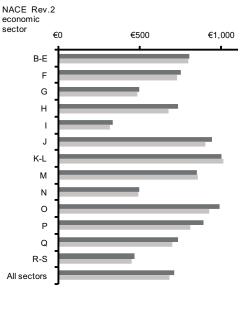


An Phríomh-Oifig Staidrimh

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Average weekly earnings by economic sector



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Earnings and Labour Costs Q4 2009 - Q1 2010 (Preliminary Estimates)

Quarter	Average Weekly Earnings	Average Hourly Earnings	Average Weekly Hours
	€	€	Hours
Q1 2009	709.55	22.44	31.6
Q4 2009*	717.73	22.38	32.1
Q1 2010*	682.91	22.10	30.9
Quarterly change %	-4.9	-1.3	-3.7
Annual change %	-3.8	-1.5	-2.2

^{*}Preliminary Estimates

Weekly earnings down by 3.8% in year to Q1 2010

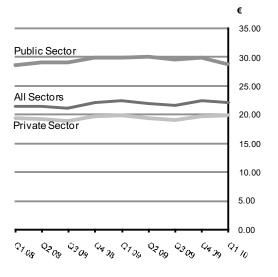
Average weekly earnings fell to €682.91 in Q1 2010, down from €709.55 a year earlier representing a fall of 3.8% over the year. This compares with a revised estimated decrease of 0.4% in the year to Q4 2009. See tables 1, 2 and 2a.

The fall in weekly earnings reflects the decrease in both paid hours (-2.2%) and average hourly earnings (-1.5%) over the year. See tables 2, 2b and 2c.

- Across the economic sectors average weekly earnings fell in 11 of the 13 sectors with the largest decreases in the Education (-9.1%) and Transportation and storage (-7.3%) sectors. See tables 1, 2, 2a and graph opposite.
- Weekly earnings in the private sector fell by 2.8% compared with a fall of 5.5% in the public sector. The Q1 2010 estimates reflects the decreases in public sector pay rates announced in the Budget in December 2009. Earnings in the public sector are, however calculated before deduction of the pension levy that was introduced in March
- The weekly earnings of Clerical, sales and service employees fell by 5.9% in the year to Q1 2010. Relatively lower decreases were recorded for the Managers, professionals and associated professionals and Production, transport, craft and other manual workers occupational groups (-3.9% and -3.5% respectively).
- Enterprises with less than 50 employees recorded a fall in weekly earnings of 3.9%, while enterprises with more than 250 employees recorded a fall in weekly earning of 3.6%. A lesser decrease of 1.7% was recorded for enterprises with between 50 and 250 employees. See tables 1, 2 and 2a.

For more information contact Majella Lysaght at 021 453 5513, Brendan Curtin 021 453 5577 and Kieran Walsh 021 453 5091.

Average hourly earnings by sector



Paid hours per week fall by 2.2% to Q1 2010

Average weekly paid hours fell to 30.9 in Q1 2010, a fall of 0.7 hours or 2.2% over the year. Decreases in average weekly paid hours were recorded in all economic sectors with the greatest proportional decreases being recorded in *Education* (-3.6%) and *Accommodation and food services* (-3.5%). *See tables 2 and 2c*.

In the private sector average weekly paid hours fell by 2.5% over the year from 31.8 hours to 31.0 hours, while a decrease of 1.9% was recorded in average weekly paid hours in the public sector.

Hourly earnings down by 1.5% in year to Q1 2010

Average hourly earnings fell from €22.44 per hour in Q1 2009 to €22.10 in Q1 2010 (-1.5%). Decreases in hourly earnings were recorded in 10 of the 13 economic sectors while increases were recorded in 3 sectors. The largest decrease in hourly earnings was recorded in the *Transportation and storage* (-6.5%) sector, while the largest increase was recorded in the *Professional, scientific and technical* (+3.1%) sector. *See tables 1, 2 and 2b and graph opposite.*

In the private sector hourly earnings fell slightly from \in 19.88 to \in 19.80, a fall of 0.4% while the public sector saw a decrease of 3.7% from \in 29.97 to \in 28.87 over the year. Estimated averages do not reflect differences in characteristics of the job or the employees. EHECS collects aggregate data from each enterprise so it is not possible to correct for such differences using EHECS data. For a more detailed analysis of the difference in public and private sector pay please refer to supplementary analysis of the National Employment Survey 2007.

Average hourly earnings fell for all 3 occupational groups with the reductions ranging from 1.9% for *Production, transport, craft and other manual workers* to 2.9% for *Clerical, sales and service employees*.

Irregular earnings decreased in 11 of the 13 economic sectors and fell in the year from $\in 1.17$ to $\in 1.09$ overall (-6.8%). When irregular earnings are excluded hourly earnings decreased in 9 of the 13 sectors and decreased overall from $\in 21.27$ to $\in 21.01$ over the year (-1.2%). *See table 3*.

Irregular earnings of employees in the *Managers, professionals and associated professionals* occupational group fell by 10.3% over the year from £2.23 per hour on average to £2.00. Irregular earnings fell by 12.5% for *Clerical, sales and service employees* while they increased by 13.2% for workers in the *Production, transport, craft and other manual workers* occupational group. However, irregular earnings remained the highest for the *Managers, professionals and associated professionals* group, both as an absolute amount (£2.00 per hour) and as a proportion of overall average hourly earnings (£6.1%).

Hourly labour costs decrease by 2.2% over the year

Other labour costs decreased from $\in 3.59$ per hour to $\in 3.36$ per hour in the year to Q1 2010 (-6.4%). Reductions in other labour costs were recorded in 12 of the 13 economic sectors. *See table 4*.

When other labour costs are added to earnings overall average labour costs decreased by 2.2% from €26.03 per hour in Q1 2009 to €25.46 per hour in Q1 2010.

Greatest decrease in employment for production workers

The number of employees in the *Production, transport, craft and other manual workers* occupational category fell by 12.6% over the year to Q1 2010. Relatively lesser decreases of 2.3% and 1.9% were recorded for the *Managers, professionals and associated professionals* and *Clerical, sales and service employees* occupational groups respectively. *See annex table A1*.

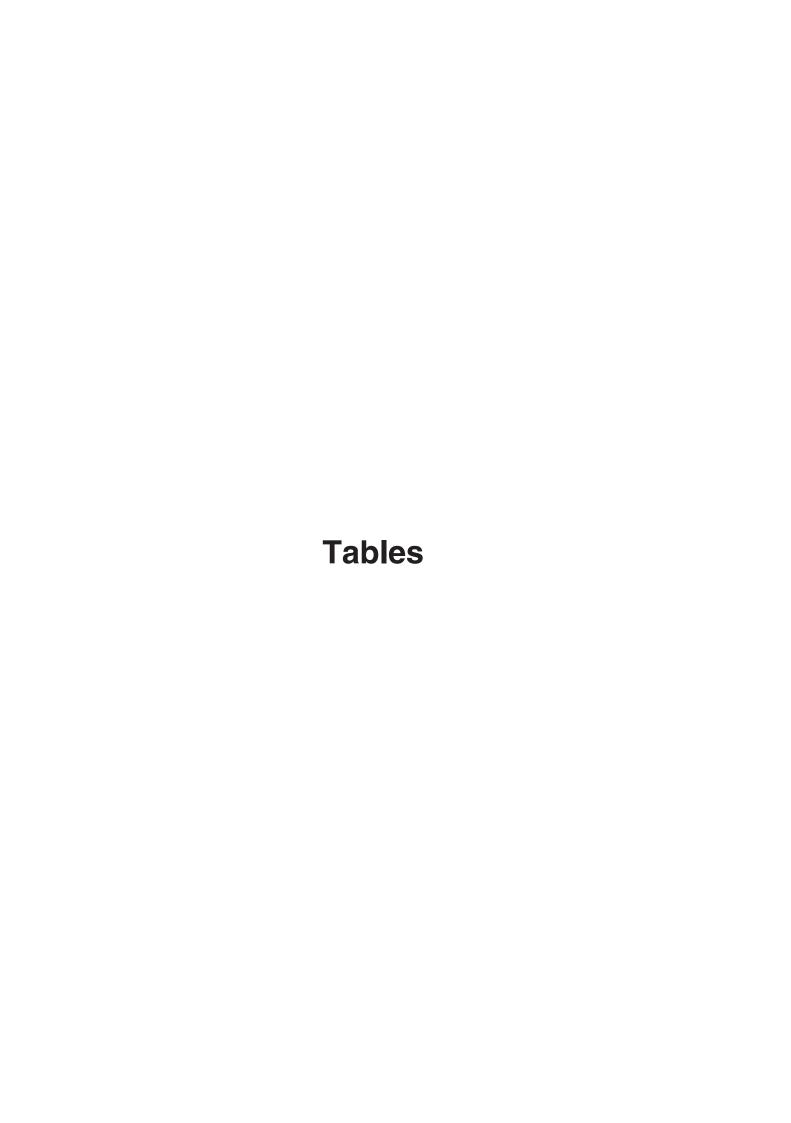


Table 1 Annual changes in employment and earnings Q4 2008 to Q1 2010

		Q4 :	2008-Q4 200	9*	Q1	2009-Q1201	0*
	NACE Principal Activity	Employ- ment	Average Weekly Earnings	Average Hourly Earnings	Employ- ment	Average Weekly Earnings	Average Hourly Earnings
		%	%	%	%	%	%
В-Е	Industry	-8.7	1.6	3.5	-7.2	-0.8	0.5
F	Construction	-36.0	-4.4	-0.1	-31.7	-3.5	-2.6
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	-12.9	-3.2	-2.7	-6.8	-3.1	-1.1
Н	Transporation and storage	-8.1	-8.6	-6.3	-1.4	-7.3	-6.5
I	Accommodation and food services	-9.1	-3.3	0.2	2.1	-4.8	-1.4
J	Information and communication	-6.8	-3.3	-2.8	0.2	-4.1	-2.0
K-L	Financial, insurance and real estate	1.7	-2.1	-1.0	0.4	1.0	1.5
M	Professional, scientific and technical	-8.9	-2.9	-2.2	-2.4	0.8	3.1
N	Administrative and support services	-14.2	1.2	2.8	-11.6	-1.5	0.0
0	Public administration and defence	-0.2	3.0	-0.1	0.3	-6.3	-4.1
Р	Education	-2.8	-3.4	0.6	-2.2	-9.1	-5.8
Q	Human health and social work	1.3	2.4	0.3	3.0	-5.3	-2.3
R-S	Arts, entertainment, recreation and other service activities	-3.7	-4.5	-3.3	-3.7	-3.9	-3.5
Total		-8.7	-0.4	0.9	-4.8	-3.8	-1.5
Publi	c/Private Sector						
Privat	e sector	-10.6	-2.0	0.1	-5.5	-2.8	-0.4
Public	sector	-3.1	1.0	-0.1	-2.7	-5.5	-3.7
Broad	l Occupational Categories						
	gers, professionals and associated	-5.7	-0.5	-0.2	-2.3	-3.9	-2.3
•	al, sales and service employees	-6.4	-1.2	-0.2	-1.9	-5.9	-2.9
Produ	ction, transport, craft and other manual	-15.5	-3.3	-1.1	-12.6	-3.5	-1.9
worke	is						
worke	of Enterprise						
Size o		-8.4	-5.6	-1.6	-1.3	-3.9	-0.1
Size of Less 1	of Enterprise	-8.4 -8.3	-5.6 0.2	-1.6 1.1	-1.3 -3.4	-3.9 -1.7	-0.1 -0.2

^{*} Preliminary Estimates

Table 2 Average earnings and hours worked for enterprises with 3 or more persons engaged

			Q1 2009			Q1 2010*	
	NACE Principal Activity	Average Weekly Earnings	Average Hourly Earnings	Average Weekly Paid Hours	Average Weekly Earnings	Average Hourly Earnings	Average Weekly Paid Hours
		€	€	hours	€	€	hours
B-E	la duata.	806.38	22.02	36.6	800.16	22.13	36.2
	Industry						
F	Construction	753.33	21.00	35.9	726.88	20.46	35.5
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	498.98	16.65	30.0	483.59	16.47	29.4
Н	Transporation and storage	734.01	20.54	35.7	680.15	19.21	35.4
I	Accommodation and food services	332.98	12.85	25.9	316.91	12.67	25.0
J	Information and communication	945.07	26.23	36.0	905.96	25.70	35.2
K-L	Financial, insurance and real estate	1,003.43	30.07	33.4	1,013.59	30.53	33.2
М	Professional, scientific and technical	849.41	25.70	33.0	856.30	26.50	32.3
N	Administrative and support services	498.17	16.53	30.1	490.55	16.53	29.7
0	Public administration and defence	987.47	27.72	35.6	925.32	26.58	34.8
P	Education	890.08	36.07	24.7	809.24	33.96	23.8
Q	Human health and social work	737.89	24.58	30.0	699.06	24.02	29.1
R-S	Arts, entertainment, recreation and other service activities	469.82	16.56	28.4	451.51	15.98	28.3
	service activities						
Total		709.55	22.44	31.6	682.91	22.10	30.9
Public Private	c/Private Sector e sector sector	709.55 631.82 934.00	22.44 19.88 29.97	31.6 31.8 31.2	682.91 614.02 882.24	22.10 19.80 28.87	31.0
Public Private Public	e/Private Sector	631.82	19.88	31.8	614.02	19.80	31.0 30.6
Public Private Public Broad	e/Private Sector e sector sector	631.82	19.88	31.8	614.02	19.80	31.0
Public Private Public Broad Manag profes	e/Private Sector e sector sector Occupational Categories gers, professionals and associated	631.82 934.00	19.88 29.97	31.8 31.2	614.02 882.24	19.80 28.87	31.0 30.6
Public Private Public Broad Manag profes Clerica Produc	e sector e sector Cocupational Categories gers, professionals and associated sionals al, sales and service employees ction, transport, craft and other manual	631.82 934.00 1,111.31	19.88 29.97 33.53	31.8 31.2 33.1	614.02 882.24 1,068.52	19.80 28.87 32.75	31.0 30.6 32.6
Public Private Public Broad Manag profes Clerica Produc worker	e sector e sector Cocupational Categories gers, professionals and associated sionals al, sales and service employees ction, transport, craft and other manual	631.82 934.00 1,111.31 498.99	19.88 29.97 33.53 16.99	31.8 31.2 33.1 29.4	614.02 882.24 1,068.52 469.48	19.80 28.87 32.75 16.49	31.0 30.6 32.6 28.5
Public Private Public Broad Manag profes Clerica Produc worker	e sector e sector Cocupational Categories gers, professionals and associated sionals al, sales and service employees ction, transport, craft and other manual	631.82 934.00 1,111.31 498.99	19.88 29.97 33.53 16.99	31.8 31.2 33.1 29.4	614.02 882.24 1,068.52 469.48	19.80 28.87 32.75 16.49	31.0 30.6 32.6 28.5
Public Private Public Broad Manag profes Clerica Product worker	e sector e sector Cocupational Categories gers, professionals and associated sionals al, sales and service employees ction, transport, craft and other manual rs	631.82 934.00 1,111.31 498.99 537.53	19.88 29.97 33.53 16.99 16.24	31.8 31.2 33.1 29.4 33.1	614.02 882.24 1,068.52 469.48 518.66	19.80 28.87 32.75 16.49 15.93	31.0 30.6 32.6 28.5 32.6

^{*} Preliminary Estimates

Table 2a Average weekly earnings by economic sector and other characteristics and quarter

			20	08			20	09		2010
	NACE Principal Activity	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3*	Q4*	Q1 [*]
		€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€
B-E	Industry	799.98	783.37	777.33	818.55	806.38	795.04	777.19	831.70	800.16
F	Construction	721.54	743.61	754.72	789.17	753.33	740.08	740.81	754.65	726.88
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	507.10	512.62	508.24	518.78	498.98	496.53	494.27	502.42	483.59
Н	Transporation and storage	751.88	779.85	759.89	796.67	734.01	760.99	706.89	728.52	680.15
I	Accommodation and food services	347.52	346.15	350.47	348.21	332.98	342.78	339.70	336.81	316.91
J	Information and communication	998.03	920.10	977.01	959.86	945.07	917.83	912.34	928.61	905.96
K-L	Financial, insurance and real estate	1,123.31	1,076.67	922.35	986.39	1,003.43	932.11	909.42	965.40	1,013.59
M	Professional, scientific and technical	811.61	812.94	799.01	822.84	849.41	807.24	796.31	798.72	856.30
N	Administrative and support services	508.04	485.73	485.25	496.64	498.17	493.81	484.64	502.36	490.55
0	Public administration and defence	961.47	980.74	953.73	982.83	987.47	991.81	981.96	1,012.66	925.32
Р	Education	838.72	849.71	892.86	890.34	890.08	862.29	878.55	860.27	809.24
Q	Human health and social work	711.18	748.05	726.50	772.12	737.89	753.63	759.34	790.40	699.06
R-S	Arts, entertainment, recreation and other service activities	484.80	488.70	507.69	507.98	469.82	473.52	459.68	485.05	451.51
Tota	al	704.28	706.03	696.72	720.57	709.55	701.73	694.69	717.73	682.91
Priv	lic/Private Sector ate sector lic sector	642.54 904.80	636.61 930.51	624.10 930.14	644.20 956.71	631.82 934.00	618.08 946.09	609.61 945.50	631.31 965.84	
Priv Pub	ate sector									614.02 882.24
Priva Pub Broa	ate sector lic sector	904.80	930.51	930.14	956.71	934.00	946.09	945.50	965.84	882.24
Priva Pub Broa Man profe	ate sector lic sector ad Occupational Categories lagers, professionals and associated	904.80	930.51	930.14	956.71	934.00	946.09	945.50	965.84	1,068.52
Broad Man profession Procession	ate sector lic sector ad Occupational Categories lagers, professionals and associated essionals	904.80	930.51	930.14	956.71 1,115.23	934.00	946.09	945.50	965.84	1,068.52 469.48
Broom Man profit Clerr Procomar	ate sector lic sector ad Occupational Categories lagers, professionals and associated essionals lical, sales and service employees duction, transport, craft and other	904.80 1,115.99 497.47	930.51 1,105.34 504.82	930.14 1,080.77 501.42	956.71 1,115.23 510.21	934.00 1,111.31 498.99	946.09 1,079.07 499.36	945.50 1,079.52 487.69	965.84 1109.31 503.93	882.24
Brod Man profi Cler Proo man	ate sector ad Occupational Categories aggers, professionals and associated essionals ical, sales and service employees duction, transport, craft and other anal workers	904.80 1,115.99 497.47	930.51 1,105.34 504.82	930.14 1,080.77 501.42	956.71 1,115.23 510.21	934.00 1,111.31 498.99	946.09 1,079.07 499.36	945.50 1,079.52 487.69	965.84 1109.31 503.93	1,068.52 469.48
Brod Man profi Cler Proc man	ate sector ad Occupational Categories aggers, professionals and associated essionals ical, sales and service employees duction, transport, craft and other and workers	904.80 1,115.99 497.47 547.28	930.51 1,105.34 504.82 554.23	930.14 1,080.77 501.42 553.75	956.71 1,115.23 510.21 574.35	934.00 1,111.31 498.99 537.53	946.09 1,079.07 499.36 543.20	945.50 1,079.52 487.69 538.06	965.84 1109.31 503.93 555.21	1,068.52 469.48 518.66

^{*}Preliminary Estimates

Table 2b Average hourly earnings by economic sector and other characteristics and quarter

	_		200	8			200	9		2010
	NACE Principal Activity	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3*	Q4*	Q1
		€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	•
В-Е	Industry	20.91	20.32	20.19	21.37	22.02	21.38	21.21	22.11	22.13
F	Construction	19.28	19.78	20.15	21.16	21.00	20.83	20.76	21.15	20.46
	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	16.38	16.40	16.13	16.87	16.65	16.39	16.04	16.42	16.47
Н	Transporation and storage	19.93	20.72	20.20	21.34	20.54	20.34	19.67	19.99	19.2
I	Accommodation and food services	12.51	12.45	12.45	12.78	12.85	12.49	12.47	12.81	12.67
J	Information and communication	27.40	25.65	26.77	26.66	26.23	25.91	25.15	25.90	25.70
K-L	Financial, insurance and real estate	33.28	31.63	27.27	29.26	30.07	27.87	27.03	28.98	30.53
	Professional, scientific and technical	24.45	24.88	24.46	25.06	25.70	24.63	24.51	24.51	26.50
N	Administrative and support services	15.99	15.80	15.66	16.27	16.53	16.39	16.37	16.72	16.53
0	Public administration and defence	27.78	27.93	26.57	27.71	27.72	28.15	27.55	27.67	26.58
Р	Education	33.75	33.80	36.36	35.32	36.07	35.24	35.35	35.53	33.96
Q	Human health and social work	23.10	23.97	23.81	25.04	24.58	24.91	24.89	25.11	24.02
	Arts, entertainment, recreation and other service activities	16.05	16.02	16.20	17.03	16.56	16.14	15.59	16.47	15.98
Total		21.53	21.51	21.21	22.17	22.44	22.02	21.74	22.38	22.10
Priva	ic/Private Sector te sector c sector	19.44 28.64	19.23 29.16	18.84 29.10	19.72 29.92	19.88 29.97	19.31 30.07	19.07 29.64	19.73 29.90	19.80 28.87
Broa	d Occupational Categories									
Mana	d Occupational Categories agers, professionals and associated ssionals	33.20	32.75	32.26	33.12	33.53	32.56	32.20	33.06	32.7
Mana profe	ngers, professionals and associated	33.20 16.51	32.75 16.66	32.26 16.35	33.12 16.99	33.53 16.99	32.56 16.71	32.20 16.38	33.06 16.95	
Mana profe Clerio Produ	ngers, professionals and associated ssionals									16.4
Mana profe Clerio Produ manu	ngers, professionals and associated ssionals cal, sales and service employees uction, transport, craft and other	16.51	16.66	16.35	16.99	16.99	16.71	16.38	16.95	16.49
Mana profe Clerid Produ manu	agers, professionals and associated ssionals cal, sales and service employees uction, transport, craft and other lal workers	16.51	16.66	16.35	16.99	16.99	16.71	16.38	16.95	16.49 15.93
Mana profe Cleric Produ manu Size	agers, professionals and associated ssionals cal, sales and service employees action, transport, craft and other cal workers	16.51 15.59	16.66 15.78	16.35 15.78	16.99 16.55	16.99 16.24	16.71 16.29	16.38 16.09	16.95 16.37	32.75 16.45 15.93 17.78 20.62

^{*} Preliminary Estimates

Table 2c Average weekly paid hours by economic sector and other characteristics and quarter

	_		200)8			200)9		2010
	NACE Principal Activity	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3*	Q4*	Q1
		hours								
B-E Ir	ndustry	38.3	38.6	38.5	38.3	36.6	37.2	36.6	37.6	36.2
F C	Construction	37.4	37.6	37.5	37.3	35.9	35.5	35.7	35.7	35.5
	Vholesale and retail trade; repair of notor vehicles and motorcycles	31.0	31.3	31.5	30.8	30.0	30.3	30.8	30.6	29.4
н т	ransporation and storage	37.7	37.6	37.6	37.3	35.7	37.4	35.9	36.4	35.4
I A	Accommodation and food services	27.8	27.8	28.2	27.3	25.9	27.4	27.2	26.3	25.0
J Ir	nformation and communication	36.4	35.9	36.5	36.0	36.0	35.4	36.3	35.8	35.2
K-L F	Financial, insurance and real estate	33.7	34.0	33.8	33.7	33.4	33.4	33.6	33.3	33.2
M P	Professional, scientific and technical	33.2	32.7	32.7	32.8	33.0	32.8	32.5	32.6	32.3
N A	Administrative and support services	31.8	30.8	31.0	30.5	30.1	30.1	29.6	30.0	29.7
O P	Public administration and defence	34.6	35.1	35.9	35.5	35.6	35.2	35.6	36.6	34.8
P E	Education	24.9	25.1	24.6	25.2	24.7	24.5	24.9	24.2	23.8
Q H	luman health and social work	30.8	31.2	30.5	30.8	30.0	30.3	30.5	31.5	29.
	Arts, entertainment, recreation and other service activities	30.2	30.5	31.3	29.8	28.4	29.3	29.5	29.5	28.3
Total		32.7	32.8	32.9	32.5	31.6	31.9	32.0	32.1	30.9
Public	:/Private Sector									
Private	e sector	33.1	33.1	33.1	32.7	31.8	32.0	32.0	32.0	31.0
Public	sector	31.6	31.9	32.0	32.0	31.2	31.5	31.9	32.3	30.6
Broad	Occupational Categories									
•	gers, professionals and associated sionals	33.6	33.8	33.5	33.7	33.1	33.1	33.5	33.6	32.0
Clerica	al, sales and service employees	30.1	30.3	30.7	30.0	29.4	29.9	29.8	29.7	28.
	ction, transport, craft and other al workers	35.1	35.1	35.1	34.7	33.1	33.3	33.4	33.9	32.0
Size of	f Enterprise									
	han 50 employees	32.3	32.3	32.3	31.9	31.1	30.9	31.0	30.6	29.9
Less th										20.4
) employees	34.0	34.1	34.1	33.3	32.5	33.0	32.9	33.0	32.0

^{*} Preliminary Estimates

Table 3 Hourly earnings and irregular bonuses for enterprises with 3 or more persons engaged

			Q1 2009			Q2 2009	
	NACE Principal Activity	Hourly earnings excl irregular earnings	Irregular earnings	Average Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings excl irregular earnings	Irregular earnings	Average Hourly earnings
		€	€	€	€	€	€
В-Е	Industry	20.26	1.76	22.02	20.41	0.97	21.38
F	Construction	20.59	0.41	21.00	20.58	0.25	20.83
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	15.93	0.72	16.65	15.81	0.58	16.39
Н	Transporation and storage	19.80	0.74	20.54	19.30	1.03	20.34
I	Accommodation and food services	12.66	0.19	12.85	12.35	0.14	12.49
J	Information and communication	24.56	1.68	26.23	24.41	1.50	25.91
K-L	Financial, insurance and real estate	26.75	3.32	30.07	25.99	1.88	27.87
M	Professional, scientific and technical	24.21	1.50	25.70	23.98	0.65	24.63
N	Administrative and support services	15.67	0.86	16.53	15.99	0.41	16.39
0	Public administration and defence	26.10	1.62	27.72	26.58	1.56	28.15
Р	Education	35.55	0.51	36.07	34.98	0.26	35.24
Q	Human health and social work	23.40	1.18	24.58	23.53	1.38	24.91
R-S	Arts, entertainment, recreation and other service activities	15.94	0.62	16.56	15.68	0.46	16.14
Total		21.27	1.17	22.44	21.14	0.87	22.02
Publi Privat	c/Private Sector e sector sector	18.78 28.59	1.17 1.10 1.38	19.88 29.97	18.64 28.59	0.87 0.66 1.49	19.31 30.07
Publi Privat Public	e sector	18.78	1.10	19.88	18.64	0.66	19.31
Public Privat Public Broad	e sector : sector	18.78	1.10	19.88	18.64	0.66	19.31
Public Privat Public Broad Manag	e sector sector d Occupational Categories gers, professionals and associated scionals	18.78 28.59 31.30	1.10 1.38 2.23	19.88 29.97 33.53	18.64 28.59 31.17	0.66 1.49	19.31 30.07 32.56
Public Privat Public Broad Manag profes Cleric	e sector d Occupational Categories gers, professionals and associated scionals al, sales and service employees ction, transport, craft and other manual	18.78 28.59	1.10 1.38	19.88 29.97	18.64 28.59	0.66 1.49 1.39	19.31 30.07
Public Privat Public Broad Manag profes Cleric Produ worke	e sector d Occupational Categories gers, professionals and associated scionals al, sales and service employees ction, transport, craft and other manual	18.78 28.59 31.30 16.19	1.10 1.38 2.23 0.80	19.88 29.97 33.53 16.99	18.64 28.59 31.17 16.01	0.66 1.49 1.39 0.70	19.31 30.07 32.56 16.71
Public Privat Public Broad Manag profes Cleric Produ worke	e sector d Occupational Categories gers, professionals and associated scionals al, sales and service employees ction, transport, craft and other manual rs	18.78 28.59 31.30 16.19	1.10 1.38 2.23 0.80	19.88 29.97 33.53 16.99	18.64 28.59 31.17 16.01	0.66 1.49 1.39 0.70	19.31 30.07 32.56 16.71
Public Privat Public Broad Manag profes Cleric Produ worke Size d Less 1	e sector d Occupational Categories gers, professionals and associated scionals al, sales and service employees ction, transport, craft and other manual rs	18.78 28.59 31.30 16.19 15.86	1.10 1.38 2.23 0.80 0.38	19.88 29.97 33.53 16.99 16.24	18.64 28.59 31.17 16.01 15.82	0.66 1.49 1.39 0.70 0.48	19.31 30.07 32.56 16.71 16.29

^{*}Preliminary Estimates

for Q1 2009 - Q1 2010

	Q12010*			Q4 2009*			Q3 2009*	
Averaç Hour earninç	Irregular earnings	Hourly earnings excl irregular earnings	Average Hourly earnings	Irregular earnings	Hourly earnings excl irregular earnings	Average Hourly earnings	Irregular earnings	Hourly earnings excl irregular earnings
	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€
22.1	1.67	20.47	22.11	1.49	20.62	21.21	0.78	20.43
20.4	0.32	20.13	21.15	0.70	20.45	20.76	0.48	20.27
16.4	0.66	15.80	16.42	0.72	15.70	16.04	0.38	15.66
19.2	0.75	18.45	19.99	1.12	18.87	19.67	0.79	18.88
12.6	0.13	12.55	12.81	0.18	12.63	12.47	0.14	12.33
25.7	1.62	24.09	25.90	1.99	23.91	25.15	1.54	23.61
30.5	3.25	27.28	28.98	2.42	26.56	27.03	0.88	26.15
26.5	1.56	24.94	24.51	0.97	23.54	24.51	0.57	23.94
16.5	0.69	15.84	16.72	0.76	15.96	16.37	0.46	15.91
26.5	1.34	25.24	27.67	1.13	26.53	27.55	1.14	26.41
33.9	0.26	33.70	35.53	0.22	35.31	35.35	0.37	34.97
24.0	1.10	22.92	25.11	1.21	23.90	24.89	1.26	23.63
15.9	0.47	15.50	16.47	0.48	15.99	15.59	0.25	15.33
22.1	1.09	21.01	22.38	1.05	21.33	21.74	0.71	21.03
19.8 28.8	1.05 1.23	18.75 27.64	19.73 29.90	0.99 1.22	18.74 28.68	19.07 29.64	0.51 1.29	18.56 28.35
	1.23	27.04	29.90	1.22	20.00	29.04	1.29	20.33
32.7	2.00	30.74	33.06	1.65	31.40	32.20	1.14	31.06
16.4	0.70	15.78	16.95	0.82	16.13	16.38	0.54	15.83
15.9	0.43	15.49	16.37	0.60	15.77	16.09	0.40	15.69
17.7	0.42	17.36	17.93	0.62	17.31	17.35	0.28	17.07
20.6	1.39	19.23	20.24	0.93	19.31	19.73	0.50	19.23
25.6	1.47	24.21	26.18	1.38	24.80	25.64	1.10	24.55

Table 4 Hourly earnings and labour costs for enterprises with 3 or more persons engaged

			Q1 2009			Q2 2009	
	NACE Principal Activity	Average Hourly Earnings	Other Labour Costs	Average Hourly Labour Costs	Average Hourly Earnings	Other Labour Costs	Average Hourly Labour Costs
		€	€	€	€	€	€
В-Е	Industry	22.02	4.84	26.86	21.38	5.63	27.02
F	Construction	21.00	4.29	25.29	20.83	4.00	24.83
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	16.65	2.65	19.30	16.39	2.72	19.11
Н	Transporation and storage	20.54	3.82	24.36	20.34	4.22	24.56
1	Accommodation and food services	12.85	1.51	14.36	12.49	1.41	13.90
J	Information and communication	26.23	5.80	32.04	25.91	6.26	32.17
K-L	Financial, insurance and real estate	30.07	7.72	37.79	27.87	7.46	35.33
М	Professional, scientific and technical	25.70	4.52	30.23	24.63	4.73	29.36
N	Administrative and support services	16.53	2.96	19.49	16.39	2.30	18.69
0	Public administration and defence	27.72	2.00	29.72	28.15	1.99	30.14
Р	Education	36.07	3.00	39.07	35.24	2.75	37.98
Q	Human health and social work	24.58	2.71	27.29	24.91	2.61	27.51
R-S	Arts, entertainment, recreation and other service activities	16.56	2.69	19.25	16.14	2.29	18.44
Total		22.44	3.59	26.03	22.02	3.65	25.66
Public	c/Private Sector						
Privat	e sector	19.88	3.81	23.69	19.31	3.88	23.19
Public	sector	29.97	2.95	32.92	30.07	2.95	33.02
Broad	l Occupational Categories						
	gers, professionals and associated	33.53	5.10	38.63	32.56	5.20	37.76
•	al, sales and service employees	16.99	2.67	19.66	16.71	2.63	19.34
Produ worke	ction, transport, craft and other manual rs	16.24	2.98	19.22	16.29	3.12	19.41
Size o	of Enterprise						
Less t	han 50 employees	17.79	2.94	20.73	17.54	2.85	20.39
50-25	0 employees	20.66	3.78	24.44	19.81	3.61	23.42
Greate	er than 250 employees	26.25	3.98	30.23	25.90	4.21	30.11
*							

^{*}Preliminary Estimates

for Q1 2009 - Q1 2010

	Q3 2009*			Q4 2009*			Q1 2010*	
Average Hourly Earnings	Other Labour Costs	Average Hourly Labour Costs	Average Hourly Earnings	Other Labour Costs	Average Hourly Labour Costs	Average Hourly Earnings	Other Labour Costs	Average Hourly Labour Costs
€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	•
21.21	4.83	26.04	22.11	5.10	27.21	22.13	4.48	26.62
20.76	3.36	24.12	21.15	3.37	24.52	20.46	3.45	23.90
16.04	2.51	18.56	16.42	2.62	19.03	16.47	2.56	19.03
40.00								
19.67	3.73	23.40	19.99	4.07	24.07	19.21	3.39	22.59
12.47	1.48	13.95	12.81	1.48	14.29	12.67	1.39	14.06
25.15	5.01	30.15	25.90	4.99	30.89	25.70	4.87	30.57
27.03	8.44	35.48	28.98	9.24	38.22	30.53	7.46	38.00
24.51	4.17	28.69	24.51	4.47	28.98	26.50	4.34	30.85
16.37	2.21	18.58	16.72	2.19	18.91	16.53	2.32	18.84
27.55	2.10	29.64	27.67	2.05	29.71	26.58	1.85	28.42
35.35	2.73	38.07	35.53	2.75	38.28	33.96	2.67	36.63
24.89	2.79	27.68	25.11	3.17	28.28	24.02	3.24	27.26
15.59	2.43	18.01	16.47	2.34	18.81	15.98	2.06	18.04
21.74	3.45	25.19	22.38	3.62	26.00	22.10	3.36	25.46
19.07	3.61	22.68	19.73	3.94	23.67	19.80	3.64	23.4
29.64	2.98	32.62	29.90	2.71	32.61	28.87	2.53	31.4
32.20	5.04	37.24	33.06	5.27	38.32	32.75	4.84	37.5
16.38	2.53	18.90	16.95	2.63	19.58	16.49	2.53	19.0
16.09	2.74	18.83	16.37	2.91	19.28	15.93	2.58	18.5
17.35	2.51	19.86	17.93	3.01	20.94	17.78	3.05	20.8
19.73	4.26	23.99	20.24	3.77	24.00	20.62	3.46	24.0
25.64	3.85	29.50	26.18	3.98	30.16	25.68	3.55	29.22

Table A1 Employment by Nace sector and occupation

	NACE Principal Activity	Q4 2008	Q1 2009	Q2 2009	Q3 2009*	Q4 2009*	Q1 2010*
B-E	Industry	221,100	215,200	211,700	206,200	201,900	199,700
F	Construction	127,700	113,600	96,200	92,700	81,700	77,600
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	318,100	297,000	289,500	283,900	277,200	276,800
Н	Transporation and storage	68,800	64,500	64,000	64,900	63,200	63,600
I	Accommodation and food services	141,000	128,800	130,500	130,800	128,200	131,500
J	Information and communication	58,600	54,700	54,900	54,100	54,600	54,800
K-L	Financial, insurance and real estate	93,800	92,200	96,400	97,500	95,400	92,600
М	Professional, scientific and technical	80,000	75,800	74,000	73,200	72,900	74,000
N	Administrative and support services	86,200	81,300	79,400	79,500	74,000	71,900
0	Public administration and defence	119,600	117,800	120,100	117,600	119,400	118,200
Р	Education	137,200	135,200	135,000	126,300	133,400	132,200
Q	Human health and social work	210,200	205,400	208,700	213,400	212,900	211,600
R-S	Arts, entertainment, recreation and	50,800	48,800	47,700	49,800	48,900	47,000
K-3	other service activities						
Total	other service activities	1,713,100	1,630,000	1,608,000	1,589,900	1,563,700	1,551,600
Total Publi	c/Private Sector e sector	1,713,100 1,287,800 425,300	1,630,000 1,212,200 417,800	1,608,000 1,191,000 417,000	1,589,900 1,184,900 405,100	1,563,700 1,151,400 412,300	1,551,600 1,145,100 406,500
Publi Privat Public	c/Private Sector e sector	1,287,800	1,212,200	1,191,000	1,184,900	1,151,400	1,145,100
Public Privat Public Broad	c/Private Sector e sector e sector	1,287,800	1,212,200	1,191,000	1,184,900	1,151,400	1,145,100
Public Privat Public Broad Manae profes	c/Private Sector e sector sector d Occupational Categories gers, professionals and associated	1,287,800 425,300	1,212,200 417,800	1,191,000 417,000	1,184,900 405,100	1,151,400 412,300	1,145,100 406,500
Public Privat Public Broad Mana profes Cleric	c/Private Sector e sector d Occupational Categories gers, professionals and associated ssionals al, sales and service employees iction, transport, craft and other manual	1,287,800 425,300 549,400	1,212,200 417,800 533,100	1,191,000 417,000 529,100	1,184,900 405,100 521,200	1,151,400 412,300 518,200	1,145,100 406,500 520,900
Public Privat Public Broad Mana profes Cleric Produ worke	c/Private Sector e sector d Occupational Categories gers, professionals and associated ssionals al, sales and service employees iction, transport, craft and other manual	1,287,800 425,300 549,400 687,700	1,212,200 417,800 533,100 653,600	1,191,000 417,000 529,100 652,500	1,184,900 405,100 521,200 658,300	1,151,400 412,300 518,200 643,400	1,145,100 406,500 520,900 641,500
Public Private Public Broad Managrofes Cleric Produ worke	c/Private Sector e sector sector d Occupational Categories gers, professionals and associated scionals al, sales and service employees action, transport, craft and other manual ers	1,287,800 425,300 549,400 687,700 476,000	1,212,200 417,800 533,100 653,600 445,100	1,191,000 417,000 529,100 652,500 426,400	1,184,900 405,100 521,200 658,300 410,500	1,151,400 412,300 518,200 643,400	1,145,100 406,500 520,900 641,500
Public Privat Public Broad Mana profes Cleric Produ worke Size d Less 1 50-25	c/Private Sector e sector d Occupational Categories gers, professionals and associated ssionals al, sales and service employees action, transport, craft and other manual ers	1,287,800 425,300 549,400 687,700 476,000	1,212,200 417,800 533,100 653,600 445,100	1,191,000 417,000 529,100 652,500 426,400	1,184,900 405,100 521,200 658,300 410,500	1,151,400 412,300 518,200 643,400 402,200	1,145,100 406,500 520,900 641,500 389,200

^{*} Preliminary Estimates

Table A1 shows the estimated trend in the number of employees over time broken down by the different classifications used in this release. It should be noted that the Quarterly National Household Survey (QNHS) is the official source of estimates of employment. The figures presented above refer most closely to the number of employees as estimated by the QNHS but differ in coverage in certain ways, such as the fact that a person with 2 jobs could be counted twice in the table and the exclusion of the Agriculture, forestry and fishing sector which is covered by the QNHS. The estimates presented above are particularly useful in assessing the impact of employment changes on overall average earnings and hours paid. For example if the proportion of Managers, professionals and associated professionals increases over time this would, all other things being equal, increase average earnings levels as this occupational group has higher than average earnings.

Table A2 Response rates in selected sectors by quarter

		Employer Response Rate		Employee Response Rate		Total number of respondent
	NACE Principal Activity	Q4 2009*	Q1 2010*	Q4 2009*	Q1 2010*	enterprises in Q1
B-E	Industry	63.6	61.8	78.7	76.6	699
F	Construction	55.2	50.6	68.2	68.8	267
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	63.7	64.1	81.2	82.4	944
Н	Transporation and storage	66.4	65.8	86.7	81.4	179
I	Accommodation and food services	55.9	54.8	63.0	61.3	502
J	Information and communication	65.1	59.2	82.0	63.5	168
K-L	Financial, insurance and real estate	67.7	67.0	93.7	89.0	209
M	Professional, scientific and technical	67.2	60.4	83.1	65.9	272
N	Administrative and support services	60.2	58.2	76.6	67.2	212
0	Public administration and defence	65.0	63.1	78.8	77.1	89
Р	Education	70.7	72.9	33.7	33.3	129
Q	Human health and social work	75.1	71.3	79.7	76.5	413
R-S	Arts, entertainment, recreation and other service activities	60.1	58.5	73.3	75.0	242
Total		63.2	61.4	74.4	71.2	4,325

This table shows the response rates achieved by sector. Greater caution should be taken in the interpretation of estimates for sectors with lower response rates as these sectors could be subject to greater revisions if response levels are increased for final estimates.

Central Statistics Office Earnings and Labour Costs

Background Notes

Introduction

The Earnings, Hours and Employment Costs Survey (EHECS) has replaced the four-yearly Labour Cost Survey, and also replaces all other existing CSO short-term earnings inquiries. The EHECS results are comparable across sectors and include more detail on components of earnings and labour costs than is currently available.

This development is part of the CSO strategy to improve earnings statistics, the other element being the annual National Employment Survey (NES). Both these surveys will provide better coverage of earnings and employment costs and other workplace-related issues.

Legislation

The survey information was collected by the Central Statistics Office (CSO) under the S.I. No 314 of 2008 Statistics (Labour Costs Surveys) Order 2008. The information collected is treated as strictly confidential in accordance with the Statistics Act 1993. The survey results meet the requirements for Labour Costs statistics set out in Council Regulation (EC) 530/1999.

Business Register

The CSO's Business Register provided the register of relevant enterprises for the survey. An enterprise is defined as the smallest legally independent unit.

Business Classification

The business classification used for the EHECS is based on the Statistical Classification of Economic Activities in the European Community (NACE Rev.2). The NACE code of each enterprise included in the survey was determined from the predominant activity of the enterprise, based on information provided in this or other CSO inquiries.

New Nace Classification

NACE Rev 2 is the new classification system for economic activities, updated from NACE Rev 1.1. A major revision of NACE was conducted between 2000 and 2007, in order to ensure that the NACE classification system remained relevant for the economy. The main changes that affected the release was the reclassification of some industrial enterprises from industry to services (principally in the software and publishing sectors) and the inclusion of steam, air conditioning supply, sewerage, water management and remediation activities in industry.

Coverage

The survey results relate to enterprises in the Nace Rev 2 Sections B – E (Industry), F (Construction), G (Wholesale & retail trade: repair of motor vehicles & motorcycles), H (Transportation & storage), I (Accommodation & food services activities), J (Information & communication), K-L (Financial, insurance & real estate activities), M (Professional, scientific & technical activities), N (Administrative & support services activities), O (Public administration & defence), P (Education), Q (Human health & social work activities) and R-S (Arts, entertainment, recreation & other service activities) with 3 or more employees. The data was collected at the enterprise level.

From 2008 Q1 onwards all enterprises with 50 or more employees and a sample of the 3 to 49 employees were surveyed. The sample was based on the proportion of companies in each NACE 2 digit economic sectors in the 3 to 49 size classes (3 to 9, 10 to 19 and 20 to 49). In previous quarters, all enterprises in the size class 20 to 49 were included in the survey.

Data Collection

The survey was conducted by post and questionnaires were issued in the last week of the relevant quarter. Some returns were received electronically. All returns were scrutinised for accuracy. Where appropriate, firms were queried by post or telephone regarding incompleteness, apparent inconsistencies, etc. Information about the survey was posted on the CSO website and all questionnaires and instructions were available electronically there.

Differences with existing sources

The EHECS is a new survey and is not directly comparable with current short-term earnings surveys such as the Quarterly Industrial Inquiry (QII), the Quarterly Services Inquiry (QSI) and the Quarterly Earnings and Hours worked in Construction (QEC). The main differences are:

 The EHECS collects data on the entire reference quarter while the QII, QSI and QEC only collect data for a reference week in the quarter. Central Statistics Office Earnings and Labour Costs

 Data on earnings and labour costs per hour is generally presented on the basis of hours paid and worked in the EHECS. Data on earnings per hour is presented on the basis of hours paid (including paid leave) in the QII..

- The EHECS uses a standardised form for all NACE sectors with a standard occupational classification for all enterprises while the QII, QSI and QEC surveys had their own occupational classifications. However the EHECS category "Production, Craft and other Manual workers" corresponds broadly to the "Industrial" category in the QII; the EHECS category "Clerical, Sales and Service Workers" also corresponds broadly to the QII category "Clerical and other office staff"; the QII category "Managerial and technical staff" is largely equivalent to the EHECS category "Managers, Professional and Associated Professionals".
- There is an occupational breakdown for full-time and part-time staff in the EHECS that did not
 exist at all for the QII or QEC and was only used by some of the enterprises in the QSI.
- The EHECS collects data for enterprises while the QII collected data for local units.
- Data on hours is collected for all categories of employees in the EHECS, while such data was limited to the industrial workers in the QII, non-managerial employees in the QEC and not collected at all in the OSI.
- The earnings data collected for the EHECS includes irregular earnings, irregular bonuses etc while these items were excluded from the QII, QSI and QEC which only collected data on regular earnings (including regular bonuses) and overtime.
- Non-labour costs such as employers PRSI, other social costs, benefit in kind etc., are collected for the EHECS but were not collected for the QII, QSI and QEC surveys.
- Data on employees in the QII, QSI and QEC was collected with regard to the reference week. In the EHECS employment data is collected with regard to the first and last day of the quarter.

Definitions

Employees:

All full-time or part-time workers paid a specific wage or salary or who had a contract of employment were defined as employees. Persons not working for salary e.g. family members, directors, partners, outside pieceworker's etc., are not considered employees but other persons engaged. These workers are included separately but not used in the calculation of derived variables. All employment figures are rounded to the nearest hundred.

Part-time Employees:

Part-time employees were defined as those who normally worked less than around 30 hours per week. These included persons who worked for some whole days per week as well as those who worked for part of the day each day.

Apprentices

Apprentices are defined as those whose wages/salaries are governed by the fact that they work either under an apprenticeship contract or as part of a training program. They are included in the calculation of earnings and hours data. They were also combined with full-time and part-time employees in determining the size group to which enterprises were classified.

Category of employees by occupation

Information was collected separately for three occupational groups. The three groups are:

- 1. Managers, Administrators, Professionals and Associate Professionals.
- 2. Clerical, Sales and Service workers.
- 3. Production, Transport workers, Craft & Tradespersons and other Manual workers.

Wages and Salaries

All wages and salaries payments are gross (i.e. before deduction of income tax and employees' PRSI contributions and levies such as the public sector pension levy). In the analysis, the total wages and salaries are divided into:

- Regular earnings i.e. pay and allowances paid at each pay period, even if the amount may vary.
- Overtime, i.e. payments for working in excess of normal hours, usually paid at a premium.
- Irregular bonuses and premiums, pay and allowances not paid at each pay period, i.e. annual or quarterly bonuses etc.

Hours

- Weekly paid hours include total contracted hours plus overtime hours.

Other Costs

The following are the other categories of labour costs:

- Statutory employers' PRSI.
- Other social costs; which encompass pension fund contributions, life assurance premiums, income continuance insurance as well as other employee-related payments paid by the employer.
- Benefits in kind; which include private use of company cars, stock options & share purchase schemes, voluntary sickness insurance, staff housing and other free or subsidised benefits (e.g. canteen facilities, childcare provision, health costs).
- Other labour costs; which include the social security contributions for apprentices, training costs, as well as other expenditure such as recruitment costs and employers' liability insurance.
- Redundancy payments

Subsidies and Refund

These are amounts received by firms under the various state schemes (IDA employment incentive scheme, grants etc.) as well as refunds from the Department of Social and Family Affairs (DFSA) for sick and maternity leave. These are deducted from the firms' labour costs in the analysis.

National Minimum Wage

The National Minimum Wage Act 2000 became law on the 1st April 2000. Enterprises were asked to indicate the number of employees in receipt of €8.65 per hour or less at the end of each quarter. A detailed guide to the Act is available from the Department of Enterprise, Trade and Employment at www.entemp.ie. Employees earning less than the minimum wage due to age or training status are also included. These rates do not apply to close relatives of the employer or apprentices other than apprentice hairdressers.

Derived Variables

Persons Employed

The sum of full-time employees and part-time employees on the last day of the quarter plus the average number of apprentices engaged during the quarter.

Average Hourly Earnings

The sum of regular earnings, irregular earnings, overtime earnings and payment for days not worked for the quarter divided by total paid hours for the quarter.

Average Irregular Earnings

Total irregular earnings in the quarter divided by total paid hours for the quarter.

Average Weekly Paid Hours

Total paid hours for the quarter divided by the average number of persons employed during the quarter divided by 13 (13 weeks in a quarter). Unpaid hours worked (including unpaid overtime) and unpaid leave are excluded.

Other Labour Costs

The sum of other labour costs divided by total paid hours for the quarter. Other labour costs include redundancy payments, employers' contributions to social security, other social costs, benefit in kind, training costs and other labour costs. Subsidies and refunds received were deducted.

Hourly Labour Costs

Hourly labour costs are total labour costs divided by the total number of hours paid during the quarter.

Earnings Per Week

Total earnings for the quarter divided by the average number of persons employed during the quarter divided by 13 (13 weeks in a quarter).

Central Statistics Office Earnings and Labour Costs

Methodology for production of final results

All enterprises with 50 or more employees are surveyed as well as a sample of enterprises which had between 3 and 49 employees inclusive. The classifications by size of enterprise are based on total persons engaged on the first day of the quarter.

Weighting

For enterprises with 3 to 49 employees inclusive, a weighting factor (the reciprocal of the sampling fraction) is used to weight the estimates to the total population for both employees and enterprises. The CSO Business Register forms the basis of the sampling frame used for weighting the sample data to the population. Decay factors are calculated for each size class and sector to adjust the non-sampled element of the register for the respondent non-relevant enterprises.

Imputation

Imputation is carried out for non-respondents in the greater than 50 employees' categories. Where an enterprise responded in the previous quarter ratio-imputation is used to estimate figures for the current quarter while for enterprises that did not respond in the previous quarter a stratum average imputation method is used to estimate the missing variables. These estimates are based on respondent enterprises of a similar size and activity.

Final Estimates

After imputation, all enterprises with 50 or more employees are accounted for and included in the final dataset. For those cells where a sample survey of enterprises is used (enterprises employing between 3 and 49 employees), the results are expanded using the grossing factors to cover the entire population for the relevant industries in the quarter. Macro edits are carried out at this stage and any outliers are investigated and corrected. Coherence of the data is ensured by scrutinising quarter on quarter changes.

Interpretation of results

The series presented in this release and all estimates deriving from the EHECS survey are primarily of use as an indicator of trends in average earnings and paid hours of employees across different classifications. However, in interpreting the trends and in undertaking direct comparison of the average level of earnings of different groups of employees or sectors some caution in interpretation is warranted.

In the case of trends, changes in the composition of employees in a given sector or group has an effect on the average levels of earnings and paid hours over time. For example if the proportion of part time employees increases within a sector then it would be expected that the average weekly earnings and paid hours would fall in that sector even if hourly pay rates were unchanged.

In the case of direct comparison of earnings levels estimates are based on raw earnings levels. To get a true picture of differences in earnings levels of different employees comparisons should take account of differences in the characteristics of employees such as length of service, educational attainment level, nature of work etc., none of which are available via EHECS. The additional information available from the annual National Employment Survey (NES) allows for a more detailed analysis of differences in earnings levels and should be referred to by users seeking more detailed information on earnings determinants than is available from EHECS.