

APPENDICES

Appendix 1

2006 Census questionnaire

The attached extract is taken from the household form used in the 2006 Census. The household form covers 6 persons and consists of 24 pages. The attached extract covers persons 1 and 2 only. The layouts for persons 3 to 6 are identical to that for person 2, apart from the relationship question (Q3).



Central Statistics Office
An Phríomh-Oifig Staidrimh

Daonáireamh na hÉireann Census of Population of Ireland Sunday 23 April 2006

About the Census

The Census takes place every five years and counts all the people and households in the country. The census results will give a comprehensive picture of the social and living conditions of our people and will provide vital information necessary for planning Ireland's future.

Participation is compulsory

The Census is being taken under the Statistics Act, 1993 and the Statistics (Census of Population) Order, 2005. Under Section 26 of the Statistics Act, 1993, you are obliged by law to complete this form. Any person who fails or refuses to provide this information or who knowingly provides false information may be subject to a fine of up to €25,000.

Confidentiality is guaranteed

The confidentiality of your Census return is legally guaranteed by the Statistics Act, 1993. The Central Statistics Office will use the information you provide for statistical purposes only. This includes the production of statistical tables and analytical reports and the selection of samples for some of our surveys.

Census Enumerator

Your Census Enumerator will assist you if you have difficulty completing your Census form or if you have any questions about the Census.

Thank you for your co-operation.

Donal Garvey
Director General

Tá leagan Gaeilge den fhoirm seo le fáil ach í a iarraidh ón áiritheoir.

Who should complete the Census form?

The householder or any adult member of the household present on the night of Sunday 23 April 2006 should complete the form.

Each household should complete a separate Household Form.

A household is:

- one person living alone or
- a group of related/unrelated people living at the same address with common housekeeping arrangements, that is, sharing at least one meal a day or sharing a living room or sitting room.

If you have any queries

Talk to your Census Enumerator if:

- there is more than one household at your address (*each will need their own Household Form*);
- there are more than 6 persons in the household (*you will need an Individual Form for each additional person*).

How to complete your Census form

1. The form should be completed on the night of Sunday 23 April.
2. Please answer questions about your accommodation on page 2.
3. Identify on page 3:
 - all persons (including visitors) who spent the night of Sunday 23 April in the household;
 - any household members who are usually resident in the household but who are temporarily away on the night of Sunday 23 April.
4. Answer the questions beginning on page 4 for all persons present on the night of Sunday 23 April.
5. Answer the questions on pages 22-23 in respect of any household members temporarily away on the night of Sunday 23 April.
6. Sign the declaration on the back page.

Have your completed form ready for collection

The Enumerator will call to collect your completed Census form on Monday 24 April or soon afterwards and will assist you if you have any difficulties. If for any reason the form has not been collected by Monday 22 May 2006, please return it to our FREEPOST address which is Central Statistics Office, PO Box 2006, FREEPOST 3985, Swords, Co Dublin.

For office use only

House Number and Street/Townland Name

County Code	Enumeration Area Code	ED Code	Street/Townland Code	D No.	Number of persons PRESENT			ABSENT persons
					Males	Females	Total	



How to complete the Census Form

Please use **BLACK** or **BLUE** pen

Please complete this form using a **BLACK** or **BLUE** pen.

Tick boxes like this:

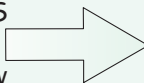
If you make a mistake:

Fill in the box like this: 1 Per week

correct one like this: 2 Per month

Where you are required to write in an answer please use

BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS and leave one space between each word. Continue on to a new line if a word will not fit, as in the example.



EXAMPLE

What is your place of birth?

If elsewhere **ABROAD**, write in the **COUNTRY**.

N	E	W		Z	E	A	L	A	N
D									

Questions about your accommodation

Tick boxes like this

START HERE

H1 What type of accommodation does your household occupy?

one box only.

A whole house or bungalow that is:

- 1 Detached
 2 Semi-detached
 3 Terraced (including end of terrace)

A flat or apartment (including duplexes) that is self-contained:

- 4 In a purpose-built block
 5 Part of a converted house or commercial building

A bed-sit:

- 6 Bed-sit (with some shared facilities e.g. toilet)

A mobile or temporary structure:

- 7 A caravan or other mobile or temporary structure

H2 What year was your house or other building containing your accommodation first built?

the year in which first built even if the building was subsequently converted, extended or renovated.

- 1 Before 1919
 2 1919 - 1940 inclusive
 3 1941 - 1960 inclusive
 4 1961 - 1970 inclusive
 5 1971 - 1980 inclusive
 6 1981 - 1990 inclusive
 7 1991 - 1995 inclusive
 8 1996 - 2000 inclusive
 9 2001 or later

H3 What is the nature of occupancy of your household's accommodation?

one box only.

- 1 Owner occupied where loan or mortgage repayments are being made
 2 Owner occupied where no loan or mortgage repayments are being made
 3 Being purchased from a Local Authority under a Tenant Purchase Scheme
 4 Rented from a Local Authority
 5 Rented from a Voluntary Body
 6 Rented unfurnished other than from a Local Authority or Voluntary Body
 7 Rented furnished or part furnished other than from a Local Authority or Voluntary Body
 8 Occupied free of rent (caretaker, company official, etc.)

H4 If your accommodation is rented, how much rent does your household pay?

Enter amount to the nearest Euro.

€

to indicate

- 1 Per week
 2 Per month
 3 Per year

H5 How many rooms do you have for use only by your household?

- Do NOT count bathrooms, toilets, kitchenettes, utility rooms, consulting rooms, offices, shops, halls or landings, or rooms that can only be used for storage such as cupboards.
- Do count all other rooms for example kitchens, living rooms, bedrooms, conservatories you can sit in, and studies.
- If two rooms have been converted into one, count them as one room.

Number of rooms

H6 Does your accommodation have central heating?

'Yes' if you have central heating in some or all rooms whether or not you use it.

- 1 Yes
 2 No

H7 What type of piped water supply does your accommodation have?

one box only.

- 1 Connection to a Public Main
 2 Connection to a Group Water Scheme with a Local Authority source of supply
 3 Connection to a Group Water Scheme with a private source of supply (e.g. borehole, lake, etc.)
 4 Connection to other private source (e.g. well, lake, rain-water tank, etc.)
 5 No piped water supply

H8 What type of sewerage facility does your accommodation have?

one box only.

- 1 Public sewerage scheme
 2 Individual septic tank
 3 Individual treatment system other than a septic tank
 4 Other sewerage facility
 5 No sewerage facility

H9 How many cars or vans are owned or are available for use by one or more members of your household?

Include any company car or van if available for private use.

one box only.

- 1 One
 2 Two
 3 Three
 4 Four or more
 5 None

H10 Does your household have a personal computer (PC)?

- 1 Yes
 2 No

H11 Does your household have access to the Internet?

'Yes' if you have access to the Internet in your home.

- 1 Yes, Broadband connection
 2 Yes, other connection
 3 No

H12 Proceed to next page



Persons present in the household on the night of Sunday 23 April

List every person who spent the night of Sunday 23 April in the household or who arrived the following morning not having been enumerated elsewhere.

INCLUDE

- all persons alive at midnight on Sunday 23 April.
- persons staying temporarily in the household.

DO NOT INCLUDE

- students who are away from home on the night of Sunday 23 April; they should be listed as being absent in List 2 below.
- babies born after midnight on Sunday 23 April.
- anyone who is temporarily away from home on the night of Sunday 23 April. However, these persons should be listed as being absent in List 2 below.

LIST 1	Persons PRESENT in the household on the night of Sunday 23 April
Person No.	First name and surname
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
If there are more than 6 persons present in the household on the night of Sunday 23 April, you will need an Individual Form for each additional person. Please ask your Enumerator.	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	

Answer questions relating to each person present in the household on Sunday 23 April beginning on Page 4.

Answer questions relating to persons 7, 8, 9 etc. on additional Individual Forms available from your Enumerator.

Persons temporarily away from the household on the night of Sunday 23 April

List any household members who usually live at this address but who were ABSENT on the night of Sunday 23 April. Include in particular students who are living away from home during term time who were not present on the night of Sunday 23 April.

LIST 2	Persons ABSENT from the household on the night of Sunday 23 April
Person No.	First name and surname
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
If there are more than 6 usual residents absent on the night of Sunday 23 April, please ask your Enumerator for guidance.	

You must answer questions beginning on Page 22 for each usual resident listed here as being absent from the household on the night of Sunday 23 April.

Please answer questions for each person present in the household on the night of Sunday 23 April in the same order as listed in List 1 above beginning on Page 4.



15 Do you have any of the following long-lasting conditions?

- (a) Blindness, deafness or a severe vision or hearing impairment Yes No
1 2
- (b) A condition that substantially limits one or more basic physical activities such as walking, climbing stairs, reaching, lifting or carrying Yes No
1 2
- (c) A learning or intellectual disability Yes No
1 2
- (d) A psychological or emotional condition Yes No
1 2
- (e) Other, including any chronic illness Yes No
1 2

16 IF 'Yes', to any of the conditions specified in Question 15, do you have any difficulty in doing any of the following activities?

- (a) Learning, remembering or concentrating Yes No
1 2
- (b) Dressing, bathing or getting around inside the home Yes No
1 2
- (c) Going outside the home alone to shop or visit a doctor's surgery Yes No
1 2
- (d) Working at a job or business or attending school or college Yes No
1 2
- (e) Participating in other activities, for example leisure or using transport Yes No
1 2

17 How do you usually travel to work, school or college?

one box only, for the longest part, by distance, of your usual journey to work, school or college.

- 1 On foot
- 2 Bicycle
- 3 Bus, minibus or coach
- 4 Train, DART or LUAS
- 5 Motor cycle or scooter
- 6 Driving a car
- 7 Passenger in a car
- 8 Lorry or van
- 9 Other means
- 10 Work mainly at or from home
- 11 Not applicable

18 What time do you usually leave home to go to work, school or college?

- 1 Before 06:30
- 2 06:31 - 07:00
- 3 07:01 - 07:30
- 4 07:31 - 08:00
- 5 08:01 - 08:30
- 6 08:31 - 09:00
- 7 09:01 - 09:30
- 8 After 09:30
- 9 Not applicable

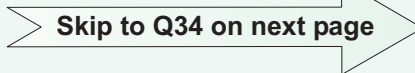
19 What distance is your journey from home to work, school or college and how long does it usually take?

Write in distance to the nearest kilometre and journey time in minutes.

Kilometres

Minutes

20 If you are aged under 15,



21 Do you provide regular unpaid personal help for a friend or family member with a long-term illness, health problem or disability?

Include problems which are due to old age.

Personal help includes help with basic tasks such as feeding or dressing.

- 1 Yes, 1-14 hours a week
- 2 Yes, 15-28 hours a week
- 3 Yes, 29-42 hours a week
- 4 Yes, 43 or more hours a week
- 5 No

22 Have you ceased your full-time education?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

IF 'Yes', write in AGE at which it ceased.

23 What is the highest level of education (full-time or part-time) which you have completed to date?

one box only.

- 1 No formal education
- 2 Primary education
- Second Level**
- 3 Lower secondary: Junior/Intermediate/Group Certificate, 'O' Levels/GCSEs, NCVA Foundation Certificate, Basic Skills Training Certificate or equivalent
- 4 Upper secondary: Leaving Certificate (including Applied and Vocational Programmes), 'A' Levels, NCVA Level 1 Certificate or equivalent
- 5 Technical or Vocational qualification: Completed Apprenticeship, NCVA Level 2/3 Certificate, Teagasc Certificate/Diploma or equivalent
- 6 Both Upper Secondary and Technical or Vocational qualification
- Third Level**
- 7 Non Degree: National Certificate, Diploma NCEA/Institute of Technology or equivalent, Nursing Diploma
- 8 Primary Degree (Third Level Bachelor Degree)
- 9 Professional qualification (of Degree status at least)
- 10 Both a Degree and a Professional qualification
- 11 Postgraduate Certificate or Diploma
- 12 Postgraduate Degree (Masters)
- 13 Doctorate (Ph.D)

24 Do you hold any THIRD LEVEL qualification(s) which you attained after completing 2 or more years of study?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

IF 'Yes', please indicate the main subject area(s) in which the qualification(s) is held.

ALL the boxes that apply.

- 1 Education
- 2 Humanities and Arts (including Foreign Languages, History, Philosophy, Fine Arts, Music and Performing Arts, Design)
- 3 Social Sciences/Business/Law (including Psychology, Economics, Journalism, Finance, Accounting)
- 4 Life Science, Physical Science, Mathematics and Statistics
- 5 Computing
- 6 Engineering, Manufacturing and Construction (including Architecture)
- 7 Agriculture and Veterinary (including Forestry, Fishery, Horticulture)
- 8 Health (including Medicine, Nursing, Dental Studies, Therapy and Rehabilitation, Pharmacy)
- 9 Social Services (including Child Care and Youth Services, Social Work and Counselling)
- 10 Services (including Hotel, Catering, Sports, Transport, Environmental Protection, Security, Occupational Health and Safety, Military and Defence)



15 Do you have any of the following long-lasting conditions?

- (a) Blindness, deafness or a severe vision or hearing impairment

Yes	No
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 <input type="checkbox"/>
- (b) A condition that substantially limits one or more basic physical activities such as walking, climbing stairs, reaching, lifting or carrying

Yes	No
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 <input type="checkbox"/>
- (c) A learning or intellectual disability

Yes	No
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 <input type="checkbox"/>
- (d) A psychological or emotional condition

Yes	No
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 <input type="checkbox"/>
- (e) Other, including any chronic illness

Yes	No
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 <input type="checkbox"/>

16 IF 'Yes', to any of the conditions specified in Question 15, do you have any difficulty in doing any of the following activities?

- (a) Learning, remembering or concentrating

Yes	No
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 <input type="checkbox"/>
- (b) Dressing, bathing or getting around inside the home

Yes	No
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 <input type="checkbox"/>
- (c) Going outside the home alone to shop or visit a doctor's surgery

Yes	No
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 <input type="checkbox"/>
- (d) Working at a job or business or attending school or college

Yes	No
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 <input type="checkbox"/>
- (e) Participating in other activities, for example leisure or using transport

Yes	No
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 <input type="checkbox"/>

17 How do you usually travel to work, school or college?
 one box only, for the longest part, by distance, of your usual journey to work, school or college.

- 1 On foot
- 2 Bicycle
- 3 Bus, minibus or coach
- 4 Train, DART or LUAS
- 5 Motor cycle or scooter
- 6 Driving a car
- 7 Passenger in a car
- 8 Lorry or van
- 9 Other means
- 10 Work mainly at or from home
- 11 Not applicable

18 What time do you usually leave home to go to work, school or college?

- 1 Before 06:30
- 2 06:31 - 07:00
- 3 07:01 - 07:30
- 4 07:31 - 08:00
- 5 08:01 - 08:30
- 6 08:31 - 09:00
- 7 09:01 - 09:30
- 8 After 09:30
- 9 Not applicable

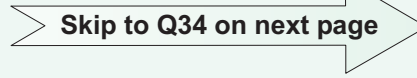
19 What distance is your journey from home to work, school or college and how long does it usually take?

Write in distance to the nearest kilometre and journey time in minutes.

Kilometres

Minutes

20 If you are aged under 15,



21 Do you provide regular unpaid personal help for a friend or family member with a long-term illness, health problem or disability?

Include problems which are due to old age.

Personal help includes help with basic tasks such as feeding or dressing.

- 1 Yes, 1-14 hours a week
- 2 Yes, 15-28 hours a week
- 3 Yes, 29-42 hours a week
- 4 Yes, 43 or more hours a week
- 5 No

22 Have you ceased your full-time education?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

IF 'Yes', write in AGE at which it ceased.

23 What is the highest level of education (full-time or part-time) which you have completed to date?
 one box only.

- 1 No formal education
- 2 Primary education
- Second Level**
- 3 Lower secondary: Junior/Intermediate/Group Certificate, 'O' Levels/GCSEs, NCVA Foundation Certificate, Basic Skills Training Certificate or equivalent
- 4 Upper secondary: Leaving Certificate (including Applied and Vocational Programmes), 'A' Levels, NCVA Level 1 Certificate or equivalent
- 5 Technical or Vocational qualification: Completed Apprenticeship, NCVA Level 2/3 Certificate, Teagasc Certificate/Diploma or equivalent
- 6 Both Upper Secondary and Technical or Vocational qualification
- Third Level**
- 7 Non Degree: National Certificate, Diploma NCEA/Institute of Technology or equivalent, Nursing Diploma
- 8 Primary Degree (Third Level Bachelor Degree)
- 9 Professional qualification (of Degree status at least)
- 10 Both a Degree and a Professional qualification
- 11 Postgraduate Certificate or Diploma
- 12 Postgraduate Degree (Masters)
- 13 Doctorate (Ph.D)

24 Do you hold any THIRD LEVEL qualification(s) which you attained after completing 2 or more years of study?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

IF 'Yes', please indicate the main subject area(s) in which the qualification(s) is held.

ALL the boxes that apply.

- 1 Education
- 2 Humanities and Arts (including Foreign Languages, History, Philosophy, Fine Arts, Music and Performing Arts, Design)
- 3 Social Sciences/Business/Law (including Psychology, Economics, Journalism, Finance, Accounting)
- 4 Life Science, Physical Science, Mathematics and Statistics
- 5 Computing
- 6 Engineering, Manufacturing and Construction (including Architecture)
- 7 Agriculture and Veterinary (including Forestry, Fishery, Horticulture)
- 8 Health (including Medicine, Nursing, Dental Studies, Therapy and Rehabilitation, Pharmacy)
- 9 Social Services (including Child Care and Youth Services, Social Work and Counselling)
- 10 Services (including Hotel, Catering, Sports, Transport, Environmental Protection, Security, Occupational Health and Safety, Military and Defence)



Persons temporarily away from the household on the night of Sunday 23 April

Answer questions A1 to A8 for any household members who usually live here at this address but who are NOT present on the night of Sunday 23 April. Include in particular students who are living away from home during term time who are NOT present at this address on the night of Sunday 23 April.

Absent Person 1

A1 What is this person's name?

First name and surname

A2 Sex

1 Male

2 Female

A3 What is the relationship of this person to Person 1 on page 4?

✓ *one box only.*

1 Husband or wife

2 Partner

3 Son or daughter

10 Other related, write in RELATIONSHIP

11 Unrelated (including foster child)

A4 What is this person's date of birth?

Day Month Year

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

A5 What is this person's current marital status?

Answer if aged 15 years or over.

✓ *one box only.*

1 Single (never Married)

2 Married (including Re-married)

5 Separated (including Deserted)

6 Divorced

7 Widowed

A6 How long altogether is this person away for?

1 Less than 3 months

2 3 months or more

A7 Was this person in the Republic of Ireland on Sunday 23 April?

1 Yes

2 No

A8 Is this person a student away at school or college?

1 Yes

2 No

Absent Person 2

A1 What is this person's name?

First name and surname

A2 Sex

1 Male

2 Female

A3 What is the relationship of this person to Person 1 on page 4?

✓ *one box only.*

1 Husband or wife

2 Partner

3 Son or daughter

10 Other related, write in RELATIONSHIP

11 Unrelated (including foster child)

A4 What is this person's date of birth?

Day Month Year

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

A5 What is this person's current marital status?

Answer if aged 15 years or over.

✓ *one box only.*

1 Single (never Married)

2 Married (including Re-married)

5 Separated (including Deserted)

6 Divorced

7 Widowed

A6 How long altogether is this person away for?

1 Less than 3 months

2 3 months or more

A7 Was this person in the Republic of Ireland on Sunday 23 April?

1 Yes

2 No

A8 Is this person a student away at school or college?

1 Yes

2 No

Absent Person 3

A1 What is this person's name?

First name and surname

A2 Sex

1 Male

2 Female

A3 What is the relationship of this person to Person 1 on page 4?

✓ *one box only.*

1 Husband or wife

2 Partner

3 Son or daughter

10 Other related, write in RELATIONSHIP

11 Unrelated (including foster child)

A4 What is this person's date of birth?

Day Month Year

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

A5 What is this person's current marital status?

Answer if aged 15 years or over.

✓ *one box only.*

1 Single (never Married)

2 Married (including Re-married)

5 Separated (including Deserted)

6 Divorced

7 Widowed

A6 How long altogether is this person away for?

1 Less than 3 months

2 3 months or more

A7 Was this person in the Republic of Ireland on Sunday 23 April?

1 Yes

2 No

A8 Is this person a student away at school or college?

1 Yes

2 No



Persons temporarily away from the household on the night of Sunday 23 April

Absent Person 4

A1 What is this person's name?
First name and surname

A2 Sex

- 1 Male
2 Female

A3 What is the relationship of this person to Person 1 on page 4?
✓ one box only.

- 1 Husband or wife
2 Partner
3 Son or daughter
10 Other related, write in RELATIONSHIP

- 11 Unrelated (including foster child)

A4 What is this person's date of birth?

Day	Month	Year
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

A5 What is this person's current marital status?

*Answer if aged 15 years or over.
✓ one box only.*

- 1 Single (never Married)
2 Married (including Re-married)
5 Separated (including Deserted)
6 Divorced
7 Widowed

A6 How long altogether is this person away for?

- 1 Less than 3 months
2 3 months or more

A7 Was this person in the Republic of Ireland on Sunday 23 April?

- 1 Yes
2 No

A8 Is this person a student away at school or college?

- 1 Yes
2 No

Absent Person 5

A1 What is this person's name?
First name and surname

A2 Sex

- 1 Male
2 Female

A3 What is the relationship of this person to Person 1 on page 4?
✓ one box only.

- 1 Husband or wife
2 Partner
3 Son or daughter
10 Other related, write in RELATIONSHIP

- 11 Unrelated (including foster child)

A4 What is this person's date of birth?

Day	Month	Year
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

A5 What is this person's current marital status?

*Answer if aged 15 years or over.
✓ one box only.*

- 1 Single (never Married)
2 Married (including Re-married)
5 Separated (including Deserted)
6 Divorced
7 Widowed

A6 How long altogether is this person away for?

- 1 Less than 3 months
2 3 months or more

A7 Was this person in the Republic of Ireland on Sunday 23 April?

- 1 Yes
2 No

A8 Is this person a student away at school or college?

- 1 Yes
2 No

Absent Person 6

A1 What is this person's name?
First name and surname

A2 Sex

- 1 Male
2 Female

A3 What is the relationship of this person to Person 1 on page 4?
✓ one box only.

- 1 Husband or wife
2 Partner
3 Son or daughter
10 Other related, write in RELATIONSHIP

- 11 Unrelated (including foster child)

A4 What is this person's date of birth?

Day	Month	Year
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

A5 What is this person's current marital status?

*Answer if aged 15 years or over.
✓ one box only.*

- 1 Single (never Married)
2 Married (including Re-married)
5 Separated (including Deserted)
6 Divorced
7 Widowed

A6 How long altogether is this person away for?

- 1 Less than 3 months
2 3 months or more

A7 Was this person in the Republic of Ireland on Sunday 23 April?

- 1 Yes
2 No

A8 Is this person a student away at school or college?

- 1 Yes
2 No

If there are more than 6 persons temporarily absent from the household on the night of Sunday 23 April, please ask your Enumerator for guidance.

Please sign the declaration on the back page.



Declaration to be signed by the householder after completing the Census form

Before you sign the declaration please check:

- That you have completed the questions about your accommodation on page 2.
- That in List 1 on page 3, you have accounted for all persons (including visitors) who spent the night of Sunday 23 April in the household (if there are more than 6 persons present, please complete the relevant number of Individual Forms).
- That you have answered all questions which should have been answered for each person who spent the night of Sunday 23 April in the household (pages 4-21).
- That in List 2 on page 3, you have accounted for all household members who were temporarily away from the household on the night of Sunday 23 April (if there are more than 6 absent persons, please ask your Enumerator for guidance).
- That you have answered all questions on pages 22-23 for all household members temporarily away from the household on the night of Sunday 23 April.
- That no person has been double counted on the form.

Declaration to be completed by the person responsible for completing the form

I declare that this form is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature

You have now completed the Census form.

Thank you for your co-operation.

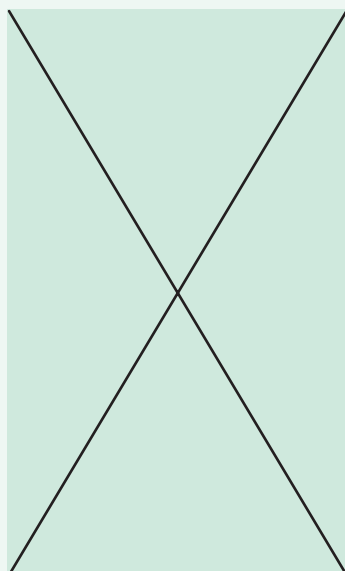
Example - Question 3 - Household members and their Relationships within the Household

For a household consisting of up to 5 persons, all persons after Person 1 in the household, are required to give their relationship to the persons previously listed. For households consisting of 6 or more persons, Persons 5 and higher are required to give their relationship to Persons 1-4 only.

The example below shows how to complete the relationship question for a household consisting of: Helen Murphy, her husband Thomas, their daughter Catherine and grandchild Aoife (Catherine's daughter).

Relationship question does not apply to Person 1

HELEN MURPHY



Name of Person 2

THOMAS MURPHY

✓ one box only.

Relationship of PERSON 2 to	Person
Husband or wife	1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Partner	2 <input type="checkbox"/>
Son or daughter	3 <input type="checkbox"/>
Step-child	4 <input type="checkbox"/>
Brother or sister	5 <input type="checkbox"/>
Mother or father	6 <input type="checkbox"/>
Step-mother/-father	7 <input type="checkbox"/>
Son-/daughter-in-law	8 <input type="checkbox"/>
Grandchild	9 <input type="checkbox"/>
Other related	10 <input type="checkbox"/>
Unrelated (including foster child)	11 <input type="checkbox"/>

Name of Person 3

CATHERINE MURPHY

✓ one box only for each person.

Relationship of PERSON 3 to	Persons
	1 2
Husband or wife	1 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Partner	2 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Son or daughter	3 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Step-child	4 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Brother or sister	5 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Mother or father	6 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Step-mother/-father	7 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Son-/daughter-in-law	8 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Grandchild	9 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Other related	10 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Unrelated (including foster child)	11 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

Name of Person 4

AOIFE MURPHY

✓ one box only for each person.

Relationship of PERSON 4 to	Persons
	1 2 3
Husband or wife	1 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Partner	2 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Son or daughter	3 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Step-child	4 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Brother or sister	5 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Mother or father	6 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Step-mother/-father	7 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Son-/daughter-in-law	8 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Grandchild	9 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Other related	10 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Unrelated (including foster child)	11 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>



Appendix 2

Administrative and Census Areas

Introduction

There are many different territorial divisions of the country of which the most important, from the point of view of the Census of Population, are described below. All the areas are as defined at the date of the 2006 Census and any subsequent revisions have not been taken into account.

Townlands

The enumeration of the census is carried out, in the first instance, by townlands in rural areas and by streets in urban areas. The townland is the smallest territorial division used for administrative purposes. Population figures in respect of townlands, of which there are about 51,000, have not been published since the census of 1911. Townlands are not used as administrative areas within the boundaries of legally defined urban areas – Cities, and Towns - and for most other urban areas without legal boundaries it is not possible to compile townland population figures as building development has completely obliterated the physical features by which townland boundaries were originally defined on Ordnance Survey maps.

Electoral Divisions (EDs)

The term District Electoral Division was changed to Electoral Division by Section 23 of the Local Government Act, 1994. This change came into effect on 24 June 1996 (S.I. 196 of 1996 refers). Under the County Borough of Dublin (Wards) Amendments Regulation, 1997, the name Cherry Orchard was amended to the name Carna (S.I. 43 of 1997 refers). The smallest administrative area for which population statistics are published is the Electoral Division. In rural areas each Electoral Division consists of an aggregation of entire townlands. There are 3,440 Electoral Divisions in the State and their populations are given in Table 6 of this publication.

Town and Rural Districts

Electoral Divisions are aggregated to give Towns¹ (or Cities where appropriate) and Rural Districts which, in turn, build up to counties. The Rural Districts, which numbered 160, were abolished as administrative areas in 1925 (in the case of Rural Districts in County Dublin, in 1930) but have been retained for census purposes as convenient units of area, intermediate in size between Electoral Divisions and Counties. They are termed rural areas in the present report. In the case of County Dublin, however, it is not possible to compile Rural District figures because of extensive revisions that have taken place in the boundaries of Electoral Divisions over the years. Population figures for Towns and rural areas are given in Table 6 of this volume.

Counties and Cities

Under the Local Government Act, 2001 (S.I. 591 of 2001), the areas formerly known as County Boroughs are now called Cities. Areas formally known as Municipal Boroughs are now called Boroughs. The area of North Tipperary Riding and South Tipperary Riding are now known as North Tipperary and South Tipperary, respectively.

In the census reports the country is divided into 29 Counties and five Cities. Outside Dublin there are 26 administrative counties (North Tipperary and South Tipperary each ranks as a separate county for administrative purposes) and four Cities, i.e. Cork, Limerick, Waterford and Galway. In Dublin, four areas are identified separately, i.e. Dublin City and the three Administrative Counties of Dún Laoghaire-Rathdown, Fingal and South Dublin.

The boundaries of the Cities are subject to periodic extensions to keep pace with building development and it is not possible, therefore, to show comparable retrospective population figures over an extended period. Counties, on the other hand, have only been affected to a very minor extent by boundary changes and it is possible to compare county populations (including the appropriate Cities) over a long period of time. This is done in Table 2, which shows county population figures for each census year from 1841 to 2006.

¹ A complete list of extensions to Town boundaries made by Government Orders is given in Appendix 4.

Appendix 2 (contd.)

Dáil Constituencies

For the purpose of elections to Dáil Éireann the country is divided into Constituencies which, under Article 16.4 of the Constitution of Ireland, have to be revised at least once every twelve years with due regard to changes in the distribution of the population. The Constituencies were last revised in 2005 and the Schedule to the Electoral (Amendment) (No 16) Act 2005 contains details of their composition. The 2006 population figures for these areas are given in Table 8.

Local Electoral Areas

For the purpose of County Council and Corporation elections each county and city is divided into Local Electoral Areas which are constituted on the basis of Orders made under the Local Government Act, 1941. In general, these areas are formed by aggregating Electoral Divisions. However, in a number of cases Electoral Divisions are divided between Local Electoral Areas to facilitate electors. Population figures for Local Electoral Areas are given in Table 9. This table reflects the current composition of these local electoral areas as established by relevant Statutory Instruments.

The boundaries between Counties Louth, Meath and Counties Carlow, Laois were altered, for electoral purposes only, by the Local Government (Boundaries) (Town Elections) Regulations, 1994. Due to these boundary changes, the sum of the number of persons in the Local Electoral Areas in each of these four counties does not match the published population figures for these counties.

Towns

For census purposes towns fall into two types, namely those with and those without legally defined boundaries.

Towns with legally defined boundaries consist of:

- (1) five Cities;
- (2) five Boroughs;
- (3) 75 Towns.

A list of all towns with legally defined boundaries is given in Appendix 3.

Under Section 62 of the Local Government Act, 1994 (S.I. 171 of 1994, the following six towns ceased to have town status: Callan, Fethard, Newcastle West, Rathkeale, Roscommon and Tullow. The Towns Improvement Act has now ceased under the Local Government Act, 2001 (S.I. 591 of 2001). Under this act the areas known as Urban Districts are now called Towns, as are the 26 towns which were formally towns under the Towns Improvement Act.

Appendix 2 (contd.)

Towns without legally defined boundaries are called "census towns". Their boundaries are determined, for census purposes only, by the Central Statistics Office. There were 664 such towns in 2006.

(i) Towns with Legally Defined Boundaries

In the case of towns with legally defined boundaries it is necessary, for administrative purposes, to compile population figures for the areas within these boundaries. However, many of these towns have expanded beyond their legally defined boundaries. As a result large numbers of persons in the communities for which these towns are the nuclei would be excluded if the coverage were confined strictly to legally defined boundaries. This problem tends to become more pronounced from one census to the next as urban areas extend further into the surrounding countryside. Revisions of the legally defined boundaries tend to lag behind these developments, as they are dependent on other factors besides the necessity of defining urban areas for Census of Population purposes.

Much of the census analysis is concerned with the overall size of population clusters and not simply with areas within legally defined boundaries. Consequently, where urban areas have extended beyond the legally defined town boundary, the Central Statistics Office draws up new boundaries defining the *suburban* areas of Cities/Boroughs and *environs* of other legal towns for census purposes.

Suburbs/environs are defined, in conformity with United Nations recommendations, as the continuation of a distinct population cluster outside its legally defined boundary in which no occupied dwelling is more than 200 metres distant from the nearest occupied dwelling. New suburbs or environs are defined only where there are at least twenty occupied dwellings outside the legal boundary within the new limit. In applying the 200-metre criterion, industrial, commercial and recreational buildings and facilities are not regarded as breaking the continuity of a built-up area.

Suburban areas for Dublin City and Cork City were defined for the first time at the 1951 Census. For the 1956 Census all towns with legally defined boundaries were examined in co-operation with the Local Authorities concerned and where necessary, suburban areas or environs were defined for them for census purposes. The suburban boundaries were reviewed for each subsequent census. A comprehensive review was carried out as part of the processing phase of the 2006 Census.

(ii) Census Towns

As in censuses since 1971, a census town is defined as a cluster of fifty or more occupied dwellings, not having a legally defined boundary, in which within a distance of 800 metres there is a nucleus of either thirty occupied houses on both sides of the road or twenty occupied houses on one side of the road. A complete review was carried out of the boundaries of existing and potential census towns as part of the processing phase of the 2006 Census. In this review the limits to existing census towns were extended where appropriate using the 200-metre criterion as described for suburban areas above. 52 new census towns were created for the 2006 Census. In addition, six towns, which ceased to be legally defined towns, became census towns (see previous page).

For the censuses of 1926 to 1951 a census town was defined simply as a cluster of twenty or more houses and the precise delimitation of the town was left to the discretion of the individual enumerator concerned. As part of the general review of towns for the 1956 Census, the boundaries for the census towns were drawn up in consultation with the various Local Authorities applying uniform principles in all areas of the country. The definition of a census town was changed at the 1956 Census, from twenty houses to twenty occupied houses; this definition was also applied at the 1961 and 1966 Censuses.

The population of towns is given in Tables 5, 7 and 12. Table 5 contains the total population of all towns and of their suburbs or environs where applicable, arranged in order of size within counties. An alphabetical list of all towns in the country, with their populations, is given in Table 12. In Table 7, towns of 1,500 population and over are arranged in size groups based on total population. Total population in this context means the population of the towns, inclusive of suburbs or environs, if any.

Appendix 2 (contd.)

Dublin Area

The description *Greater Dublin Area* in the 2006 Census denotes Dublin City and its suburbs (i.e. Greater Dublin Suburbs). Various tables contain information on the population of Dublin City and individual towns (which are separately identified from Greater Dublin) as well as for the Aggregate Town and Aggregate Rural Areas of Dublin County and City.

Aggregate Town and Aggregate Rural Areas

In continuation of the definition used in reports of censuses since 1966, the population in the Aggregate Town Area, as shown in Tables 3, 4, and 7 of this volume and in the remaining volumes of the census report is defined as those persons living in population clusters of 1,500 or more inhabitants. If a town with a legally defined boundary has a suburban area or environs outside this boundary and if the total population made up of the population inside the legally defined boundary plus that in the suburbs or environs amounts to 1,500 persons or over, this town (including its suburbs or environs) is classified as belonging to the Aggregate Town Area. Similarly, a census town with 1,500 inhabitants or over is classified as belonging to the Aggregate Town Area.

The population residing in all areas outside clusters of 1,500 or more inhabitants is classified as belonging to the Aggregate Rural Area. It should be particularly noted that the term "Aggregate Rural Area" is not connected with that of rural area as described earlier. Whereas the Aggregate Rural Area is a statistical concept, the rural area is a former administrative unit of area. From Table 7 it may be seen that the Aggregate Town Area population was 2,574,313 persons in 2006. Of this 1,318,068 resided within legally defined boundaries of towns while 1,016,809 resided in the suburbs or environs of these towns or in census towns. Table 7 also shows that there were 5 towns with legally defined boundaries which were not large enough, even with the population of their environs, to be included in the Aggregate Town Area and that the total population in towns of all sizes, down to the lower limit of fifty occupied houses was 2,870,395 persons.

Gaeltacht Areas

The Gaeltacht Areas Orders, 1956, 1967, 1974 and 1982 defined the Gaeltacht as comprising 155 Electoral Divisions or parts of Electoral Divisions in the counties of Cork, Donegal, Galway, Kerry, Mayo, Meath and Waterford. The population of these Electoral Divisions or parts thereof in 2002 and 2006 is given in Table 10.

Islands off the Coast

The population in 2002 and 2006 of inhabited islands off the coast is shown in Table 11. In some cases the areas of land concerned may not, strictly speaking, be considered as islands since they are connected to the mainland by a causeway or bridge, or may be reached by land at low tide. However, they have been retained unchanged in the present publication in order to provide continuity with previous censuses.

Appendix 2 (contd.)

Regional Authorities

The geographical sub-divisions used in Table 4 are based on Regional Authorities. These eight regions were established under the Local Government Act, 1991, Regional Authorities Establishment Order, 1993 which came into operation on 1 January 1994.

Name of region	Constituent counties	Type of area
Border	Cavan	Administrative county
	Donegal	Administrative county
	Leitrim	Administrative county
	Louth	Administrative county
	Monaghan	Administrative county
Dublin	Dublin	City
	Dún Laoghaire-Rathdown	Administrative county
	Fingal	Administrative county
	South Dublin	Administrative county
Mid-East	Kildare	Administrative county
	Meath	Administrative county
	Wicklow	Administrative county
Midland	Laoighis	Administrative county
	Longford	Administrative county
	Offaly	Administrative county
	Westmeath	Administrative county
Mid-West	Clare	Administrative county
	Limerick	City
	Limerick	Administrative county
	North Tipperary	Administrative county
South-East	Carlow	Administrative county
	Kilkenny	Administrative county
	South Tipperary	Administrative county
	Waterford	City
	Waterford	Administrative county
	Wexford	Administrative county
South-West	Cork	City
	Cork	Administrative county
	Kerry	Administrative county
West	Galway	City
	Galway	Administrative county
	Mayo	Administrative county
	Roscommon	Administrative county

For the 1991 and previous censuses, the geographical sub-divisions used were Planning Regions.

Appendix 2 (contd.)

Two further Regional Authorities to be known as Regional Assemblies were established in 1999 under the Local Government Act, 1991, Regional Authorities Establishments Order, 1999 (S.I. 226 of 1999 refers). The two assemblies are known as: (1) Border, Midland and Western Regional Assembly (BMW), and (2) South and Eastern Regional Assembly (S&E). These assemblies are based on the Existing Regional Authority Structure.

Name of region	Constituent Local Authorities
Border, Midland and Western Regional Assembly	Cavan County Council Donegal County Council Galway City Council Galway County Council Laois County Council Leitrim County Council Longford County Council Louth County Council Mayo County Council Monaghan County Council Offaly County Council Roscommon County Council Sligo County Council Westmeath County Council
Southern and Eastern Regional Assembly	Carlow County Council Clare County Council Cork City Council Cork County Council Dublin City Council Dún Laoghaire/Rathdown County Council Fingal County Council Kerry County Council Kildare County Council Kilkenny County Council Limerick City Council Limerick County Council Meath County Council South Dublin County Council North Tipperary County Council South Tipperary County Council Waterford County Council Waterford City Council Wexford County Council Wicklow County Council

Area Measurements

The measurement of area in hectares is shown in Table 6. The relevant area details have been provided by Ordnance Survey. The areas shown are exclusive of the areas of lakes, rivers and tideways.

Appendix 3

Towns with Legally Defined Boundaries

Cities	County in which situated
Cork	Cork
Dublin	Dublin
Galway	Galway
Limerick	Limerick
Waterford	Waterford
Boroughs	
Clonmel	South Tipperary
Drogheda	Louth
Kilkenny	Kilkenny
Sligo	Sligo
Wexford	Wexford
Towns	
Ardee	Louth
Arklow	Wicklow
Athlone	Westmeath
Athy	Kildare
Balbriggan	Dublin
Ballina	Mayo
Ballinasloe	Galway
Ballybay	Monaghan
Ballyshannon	Donegal
Bandon	Cork
Bantry	Cork
Belturbet	Cavan
Birr	Offaly
Boyle	Roscommon
Bray	Wicklow
Buncrana	Donegal
Bundoran	Donegal
Carlow	Carlow
Carrickmacross	Monaghan
Carrick-on-Suir	South Tipperary
Cashel	South Tipperary
Castlebar	Mayo
Castleblayney	Monaghan
Cavan	Cavan
Ceannanus Mór (Kells)	Meath
Clonakilty	Cork
Clones	Monaghan
Cobh	Cork
Cootehill	Cavan
Droichead Nua (Newbridge)	Kildare
Dundalk	Louth
Dungarvan	Waterford
Edenderry	Offaly
Ennis	Clare
Enniscorthy	Wexford
Fermoy	Cork
Gorey	Wexford
Granard	Longford
Greystones	Wicklow
Kilkee	Clare

Appendix 3 (contd.)

Towns	County in which situated
Killarney	Kerry
Kilrush	Clare
Kinsale	Cork
Leixlip	Kildare
Letterkenny	Donegal
Lismore	Waterford
Listowel	Kerry
Longford	Longford
Loughrea	Galway
Macroom	Cork
Mallow	Cork
Midleton	Cork
Monaghan	Monaghan
Mountmellick	Laoighis
Muinebeag (Bagenalstown)	Carlow
Mullingar	Westmeath
Naas	Kildare
Navan (An Uaimh)	Meath
Nenagh	North Tipperary
New Ross	Wexford
Passage West	Cork
Portlaoighise (Maryborough)	Laoighis
Shannon	Clare
Skibbereen	Cork
Templemore	North Tipperary
Thurles	North Tipperary
Tipperary	South Tipperary
Tralee	Kerry
Tramore	Waterford
Trim	Meath
Tuam	Galway
Tullamore	Offaly
Westport	Mayo
Wicklow	Wicklow
Youghal	Cork

Appendix 4

Extensions to Towns and Boroughs since 1926

County	District	Electoral Division
Carlow	Carlow Town	1 Carlow Urban
		2 Graigue Urban
		19 Carlow Rural (part)*
Kildare	Athy Town	1 Athy East Urban
		2 Athy West Urban
		4 Athy Rural (part)*
Longford	Longford Town	1 Longford No. 1 Urban
		2 Longford No. 2 Urban
		51 Longford Rural (part)*
Louth	Drogheda Borough	1 Fair Gate
		2 St. Laurence Gate
		3 West Gate
		41 St. Peter's (part)*
		‡ St. Mary's (part)*
	Dundalk Town	4 Dundalk Urban No. 1
		5 Dundalk Urban No. 2
		6 Dundalk Urban No. 3
		7 Dundalk Urban No. 4
		23 Castletown (part)*
		27 Dundalk Rural (part)*
		30 Haggardstown (part)*
Meath	Ceannanus Mór Town	1 Ceannanus Mór (Kells) Urban
		26 Ceannanus Mór (Kells) Rural (part)*
	Navan Town	2 Navan Urban
		55 Navan Rural (part)*
	Trim Town	3 Trim Urban
		92 Trim Rural (part)*
Westmeath	Athlone Town	1 Athlone East Urban
		2 Athlone West Urban
		3 Athlone East Rural (part)*
		14 Moydrum (part)*
Wexford	Enniscorthy Town	1 Enniscorthy Urban
		21 Enniscorthy Rural (part)*
	Wexford Borough	4 Wexford No. 1 Urban
		5 Wexford No. 2 Urban
		6 Wexford No. 3 Urban
		123 Wexford Rural (part)*
Wicklow	Bray Town	3 Bray No. 1
		4 Bray No. 2
		5 Bray No. 3
		6 Rathmichael (Bray)
		35 Kilmacanoge (part)*

* Formerly included in Rural Districts.

‡ Formerly ED 47 (part) in Meath County.

Appendix 4 (contd.)

County	District	Electoral Division
Clare	Ennis Town	1 Ennis No. 1 Urban
		2 Ennis No. 2 Urban
		3 Ennis No. 3 Urban
		4 Ennis No. 4 Urban
		26 Clareabbey (part)*
		29 Doora (part)*
		32 Ennis Rural (part)*
Cork	Youghal Town	10 Youghal Urban
		325 Youghal Rural (part)*
Kerry	Killarney Town	1 Killarney Urban
		82 Killarney Rural (part)*
		90 Muckcross (part)*
	Tralee Town	3 Tralee Urban
		138 Blennerville (part)*
		165 Tralee Rural (part)*
South Tipperary	Clonmel Borough	85 Clonmel East Urban
		86 Clonmel West Urban
		133 Clonmel Rural (part)*
		134 Inishlounaght (part)*
Mayo	Ballina Town	1 Ardnaree South Urban
		2 Ballina Urban
		6 Ardnaree North (part)*
		7 Ardnaree South Rural (part)*
		10 Ballina Rural (part)*
	Castlebar Town	3 Castlebar Urban
		74 Castlebar Rural (part)*
	Westport Town	4 Westport Urban
		144 Kilmeena (part)*
	Donegal	Letterkenny Town
96 Ballymacool (part)*		
97 Castlewray (part)*		
99 Corravaddy (part)*		
100 Edenacarnan (part)*		
105 Letterkenny Rural (part)*		
Monaghan	Castleblayney Town	2 Castleblayney Urban
		27 Castleblayney Rural (part)*
	Clones Town	3 Clones Urban
		36 Clones Rural (part)*
	Monaghan Town	4 Monaghan Urban
		63 Monaghan Rural (part)*

* Formerly included in Rural Districts.

Extensions to Boundaries

Extensions to the boundaries of the following towns have been formally approved since the last census:

Letterkenny S.I. 679 and 680 of 2003 refers

Athlone S.I. 704 and 705 of 2003 refers

Appendix 5

Population of Towns or Environs/Suburbs which are located in more than one County

Town	Counties	Number of persons		Percentage change 2006-2006
		2002	2006	
Environs of Carlow	Carlow Laoighis	5,269	7,101	34.8
Graiguenamanagh-Tinnahinch	Carlow Kilkenny	1,435	1,376	-0.4
Bunclody-Carrickduff	Carlow Wexford	1,361	1,863	37.9
Clonegal	Carlow Wexford	193	231	19.7
Environs of Bray	Dublin Wicklow	4,707	4,860	3.3
Environs of New Ross	Kilkenny Wexford	1,727	3,032	75.6
Portarlington	Laoighis Offaly	4,001	6,004	50.1
Lanesborough-Ballyleague	Longford Roscommon	943	1,112	17.9
Environs of Drogheda	Louth Meath	2,687	6,117	127.7
Environs of Athlone	Westmeath Roscommon	8,582	3,197	-62.7
Suburbs of Limerick	Clare Limerick	32,975	38,218	15.9
O'Briensbridge-Montpelier	Clare Limerick	375	378	0.1
Holycross	North Tipperary South Tipperary	610	700	14.8
Environs of Clonmel	South Tipperary Waterford	1,171	1,526	30.3
Environs of Carrick-on-Suir*	Waterford	5,586	5,906	5.7

* Carrick-on-Suir Town located in South Tipperary. Environs located in Waterford.

Appendix 5 (contd.)

Town	Counties	Number of persons		Percentage change 2002-2006
		2002	2006	
Cong	Galway Mayo	185	150	-18.9
Environs of Ballinasloe	Galway Roscommon	235	254	8.1
Carrick-on-Shannon	Leitrim Roscommon	2,237	3,163	41.4
Roosky	Leitrim Roscommon	198	329	66.2
Charlestown-Bellahy	Mayo Sligo	753	859	14.1
Pettigo*	Donegal Fermanagh	275	280	1.8
Environs of Birr	Offaly Tipperary North	846	990	17.0

* Population of that part of Pettigo located in Donegal County.

Appendix 6

Census 2006 Publication Schedule

Description	Publication Date
Preliminary Report	19 July 2006
Principal Demographic Results	29 March 2007
Volume 1 - Population Classified by Area	26 April 2007
Volume 2 - Ages and Marital Status	10 May 2007
Volume 3 - Household Composition, Family Units and Fertility	31 May 2007
*Small Area Population Statistics (SAPS) - demographic variables	07 June 2007
Principal Socio-economic Results	21 June 2007
Volume 4 - Usual Residence, Migration, Birthplaces and Nationalities	05 July 2007
Volume 5 - Ethnic or Cultural Background (including the Irish Traveller Community)	26 July 2007
Volume 6 - Housing	16 August 2007
Volume 7 - Principal Economic Status and Industries	06 September 2007
Volume 8 - Occupations	20 September 2007
Volume 9 - Irish Language	04 October 2007
Volume 10 - Education and Qualifications	18 October 2007
*Small Areas Population Statistics (SAPS) - all variables	25 October 2007
Volume 11 - Disability, Carers and Voluntary Activities	01 November 2007
Volume 12 - Travel to Work, School and College	15 November 2007
Volume 13 - Religion	29 November 2007

*Small Area Population Statistics (SAPS) will be made available as interactive tables, free of charge on the CSO website